A. Disability Program Description

Disability Program Overview

A. Mission

IEHP Disability Program's mission is to improve access, communication, and health care services for seniors and persons with disabilities (SPD) and any other IEHP Members, prospective Members, and community stakeholders, with access and/or functional needs. The Disability Program implements, administers, and coordinates the Plan's disability programs and services. IEHP is a Public Entity that complies with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). The Disability Program fulfills its mission through the following activities:

- 1. Recommend and implement program changes that promote access to barrier-free and culturally appropriate health care services for Members, prospective Members, and community stakeholders;
- 2. Participate in committees and workgroups to ensure cross-departmental program deliverables are accessible and appropriate for Members, prospective Members, and community stakeholders;
- 3. Launch and coordinate initiatives that improve Members' and prospective Members' physical access to services, offer communication in alternative formats, and maintain culturally appropriate access to all health plan services;
- 4. Provide trainings, resources, and technical assistance to IEHP Team Members and the IEHP Provider network; and
- 5. Engage in outreach activities to develop and maintain meaningful relationships with community-based organizations that provide Members, prospective Members, and community stakeholders with access to social community-based supports that promote health, education, and independence.

Disability Program Activities

IEHP has undertaken the following activities to help provide optimal services to Members, prospective Members, and community stakeholders.

A. Disability Program Health Services

- 1. Review policies and procedures to improve the ability to meet the needs of our Members, prospective Members, and community stakeholders;
- 2. Facilitate the Persons with Disabilities Workgroup (PDW) and seek their advice on the delivery of health care services;¹

¹ Department of Health Care Services (DHCS)-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 1, Provision 9, Member Representation

A. Disability Program Description

- 3. Promote Member-centric care through the implementation and participation in an Interdisciplinary Care Team (ICT) comprised of medical, behavioral, and social service professionals from governmental and community-based organizations;
- 4. Participate in departmental and unit meetings including, but not limited to: Behavioral Health and Care Management, Grievance and Appeals, and Quality Management;
- 5. Assess the needs of Members with disabilities by analyzing responses to the Consumer Assessment of Health Plan Services (CAHPS) and Population Needs Assessment (PNA); and
- 6. Develop and maintain a community resource database and provide resources for care managers, nurses, and Member Services Representatives.

B. Disability Program Access

- 1. Serve as an internal consultant in the Facility Site Review process and recommend best practices for the dissemination of accessibility information in the IEHP Provider Directory and IEHP website;^{2,3,4}
- 2. Develop and maintain a current, accessible online resource center on the IEHP website for health Providers, IPAs, and other stakeholders to ensure care is accessible and culturally sensitive for people with diverse disabilities;
- 3. Conduct live trainings for Providers on enhancing access to medical care for Members with disabilities;
- 4. Examine accessibility at IEHP's physical building and recommend modifications as necessary, including automatic door openers, lowered sinks in restrooms, automatic water and soap dispensers, and assistive listening devices for PA system in meeting rooms;⁵
- 5. Offer "text-only" navigation on our website (<u>www.iehp.org</u>) and ensure IEHP compliance with access standards; and
- 6. Publish a quarterly Member newsletter ("accessibility") to provide targeted communication for Members with disabilities.

C. Disability Program Communication

1. Upon request, provide educational materials in alternative formats to Members, prospective Members, and/or their authorized representative including but not limited to:

² NCQA, 2022 Health Plans (HP) Standards and Guidelines, MED 12, Element A, Factor 3

³ NCQA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, MED 3, Element A, Factor 1

⁴ NCQA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, MED 3, Element A, Factor 2

⁵ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 9, Provision 11, Access for Disabled Members

A. Disability Program Description

Braille, large-sized print, video or audio, CD or DVD, over the phone or in-person from a qualified health educator; 6.7.8.9

- 2. Ensure effective communication with individuals with disabilities through the provision of appropriate auxiliary aids and qualified interpretation services for impaired sensory, manual, and/or speaking skills;¹⁰
- 3. Integrate policies for providing sign language interpreters and materials in alternative formats;
- 4. Monitor IPA requests and distribution of materials in alternative format with Delegation Oversight Department;
- Provide communication via TTY, Video Remote Interpreting service and Video Phone for Members, prospective Members, and community stakeholders, who are deaf and hardof-hearing;
- 6. Work with the Center on Deafness Inland Empire (CODIE) and other organizations for the deaf or hard-of-hearing to publicize Member, and prospective Member access to sign language interpreter services while accessing health plan services; and
- 7. Publish a quarterly Member newsletter ("accessAbility") to provide targeted communication for Members with disabilities.

D. Disability Sensitivity

- 1. Develop cultural awareness and sensitivity training materials and provide training to IEHP Team Members, IPAs, Providers and their staff initially and as needed, to meet the needs of SPDs, as required by the California Department of Health Care Services and Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.¹¹
- 2. Coordinate the annual Disability Sensitivity/Awareness Month with activities that include presentations, guest speakers, community resource fair, classes and demonstrations on deaf awareness, sign language, assistive technology devices, and sports and recreation equipment.

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⁶ Title 42 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 438.10(d)

⁷ DHCS All Plan Letter (APL) 18-016 Supersedes APL 11-018 "Readability and Suitability of Written Health Education Material"

⁸ NCOA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, MED 13, Element B

⁹ California Health & Safety Code (Health & Saf. Code) § 1367.042

¹⁰ DHCS All Plan Letter (APL) 21-004, "Standards for Determining Threshold Languages, Nondiscrimination Requirements, and Language Assistance Services"

¹¹ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 1, Provision 10, Sensitivity Training.

A. Disability Program Description

Disability Program Personnel

Reporting relationships, qualifications, and position responsibilities are defined as follows (further details can be found in the Human Resources manual):

A. Program Manager

- 1. Under the direction of Community Health leadership, which includes the designated ADA Coordinator (if not also the Program Manager), the Program Manager is responsible for administering IEHP's program for Seniors and Persons with Disabilities, including outreach plan implementation, cross-department program deliverables coordination, and external operational coordination with regulatory agencies and stakeholders. The Program Manager will review health care related legislation and assess their impact on IEHP's Disability Program, as well as manage IEHP's Persons with Disabilities Workgroup and recommend and implement program changes as necessary to meet Disability Program goals. The Program Manager may also serve as and/or support the designated ADA Coordinator.
- 2. The qualifications for this position include a Master's degree from an accredited institution in Social Work, Public Administration or closely related field required. The Program Manager's staff consist of Community Health Representatives, Project Analyst, Coordinators and Administrative Assistant.

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Chief Approval: Signature on File	Original Effective Date:	January 1, 2012	
Chief Title: Chief Medical Officer	Revision Date:	January 1, 2023	

B. Cultural and Linguistic Services Program Description

Cultural and Linguistic (C&L) Services Program Overview

A. Mission

To ensure that all medically necessary and covered services are available and accessible to all Members regardless of race, color, national origin, creed, ancestry, religion, language, age, gender, gender identity, marital status, sexual orientation, health status, evidence of insurability (including conditions arising out of acts of domestic violence), source of payment, limited English proficiency or disability, and that all covered services are provided in a culturally and linguistically appropriate manner. The C&L Services program fulfills its mission through the following activities:

- 1. Ensuring IEHP, its IPAs and Provider network comply with Department of Health Care Services (DHCS) and Federal regulations on Culture and Linguistic services;⁴
- 2. Establishing methods that ensure and promote access and delivery of services in a culturally competent manner to all Members, including people with limited English proficiency, diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds, disabilities, and regardless of gender, sexual orientation or gender identity;^{5,6}
- 3. Providing training, support, technical assistance and resources to IPAs and Providers to assist them in the provision of culturally competent and linguistic services;⁷
- 4. Training IEHP staff on cultural awareness within the first year of employment and providing updates on C&L resources;8,9,10
- Program staff participate in committees and workgroups to ensure cross-departmental program deliverables are accessible and appropriate for Members in need of C&L services;

¹ Title 45 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 92.101(a)

² Department of Health Care Services (DHCS)-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 9, Provision 13, Cultural and Linguistic Program

³ 42 CFR § 440.262

⁴ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 9, Provision 13, Cultural and Linguistic Program

⁵ National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA), 2021 Health Plan Standards and Guidelines, NET 1, Element A. Factor 1

⁶ NCQA, 2022 Health Plan Standards and Guidelines, NET 1, Element A, Factor 1

⁷ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 9, Provision 13, Cultural and Linguistic Program

⁸ Ibid.

⁹ Title 28 California Code of Regulations (CCR) § 1300.67.04

^{10 42} CFR § 440.262

B. Cultural and Linguistic Services Program Description

- 6. Participating in Public Policy Participation Committee (PPPC) comprised of IEHP leaders and health educators, Providers, Members, and community-based organization representatives and seeking their advice on the delivery of C&L services;¹¹ and
- 7. Implementing activities to educate Team Members on cultural diversity in the Membership and Provider network, and raising awareness of IEHP C&L policies and resources.

Cultural & Linguistic Services Program Activities

A. Member Information Materials

- 1. Member Information, as defined by DHCS, includes documents that are vital or critical to obtaining services and/or benefits and includes, but is not limited to, the Member Handbook/Evidence of Coverage; provider directory; welcome packets; marketing information; form letters, including Notice of Action letters and any notices related to Grievances, actions, and Appeals, including Grievance and Appeal acknowledgement and resolution letters; plan generated preventive health reminders (e.g., appointments and immunization reminders, initial health examination notices and prenatal follow-up); member surveys; notices advising LEP persons of free language assistance; and newsletters. ^{12,13}
- 2. IEHP provides oral and written Member information in the threshold languages designated by DHCS in accordance with federal and state regulations. 14,15
- 3. Members may make standing requests to receive all written Member information, including clinical Member information, in a specified threshold language and/or in an alternative format. IEHP contracts with qualified translators for the threshold languages and alternative formats identified by DHCS. 16,17

B. Member Health Educational Materials

The Health Education, Marketing, and Independent Living and Diversity Services Departments review and approve externally and internally developed Member health

¹¹ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 1, Provision 9, Member Representation

¹² DHCS APL 21-004, "Standards for Determining Threshold Languages, Nondiscrimination Requirements, and Language Assistance Services"

¹³ National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA), 2022 Health Plan Standards and Guidelines, ME 2, Element A

¹⁴ DHCS APL 21-004

^{15 42} CFR §438.10(d)

¹⁶ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 13, Provision 4, Written Member Information

Cultural and Linguistic Services Program Description В.

education materials for readability, content, accuracy, cultural appropriateness and nondiscrimination using the DHCS Readability and Suitability Checklist. Materials are reviewed every five (5) years or at the time material is updated or changed. Member health education materials must be available to Members in the threshold languages and alternate formats upon request.18

C. Coordination of Local Resources

IEHP refers Providers, Members, prospective Members, and community stakeholders, to existing resources in the community through IEHP's Resource and Referral Service managed by the Independent Living and Diversity Services Department and IEHP's Long Term Services and Supports unit. IEHP also collaborates with 2-1-1 and Connect IE, a community resource referral service in San Bernardino and Riverside Counties to provide Members, prospective Members, and community stakeholders, with up-to-date information on health, C&L and social services in their community. 19,20,21

D. Policy Development

The Independent Living and Diversity Services Department assists in interpreting State and Federal requirements for C&L and develops policies and procedures for IEHP's Members and Provider network. Policy development includes setting standards specific to IEHP and informing IPAs and Providers of the standards.

E. Development of Language Interpretation Resources

IEHP assists Providers in providing linguistically appropriate care to Limited English Proficient (LEP) Members and/or their authorized representatives, and Members and/or their authorized representatives who need sign language interpretation, by assuming financial responsibility and arranging for interpretation services. IEHP contracts with interpreter agencies to provide adequate access to interpretation services. These services include, but are not limited to, telephonic and in-person foreign language, in-person or Video Remote (used

¹⁸ DHCS All Plan Letter (APL) 18-016, supersedes 11-018, "Readability and Suitability of Written Health **Education Material**

¹⁹ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 9, Provision 14, Linguistic Services

²⁰ DHCS APL 21-004

²¹ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 21, Provision 8, Coordination

B. Cultural and Linguistic Services Program Description

when in-person services are not available or timely) sign language interpretation services for Members. ^{22,23,24,25,26}

F. Access Provider Linguistic Capabilities

When Members are assigned to Primary Care Providers (PCPs), one of the criteria considered is the specified language capability of Providers and staff in that office. Providers are required to submit their language capability upon application to the Plan, and the language(s) are listed in the Provider Directory.²⁷ To ensure continued availability of the threshold language(s), the IEHP Provider Services Department verifies threshold language capability on an annual basis.²⁸

G. Cultural and Linguistic Training

Training on cultural competence/sensitivity and IEHP C&L Program policies are available to IPAs, Providers, and their staff initially and annually thereafter. Providers that are new to the IEHP Network are required to receive training in cultural competency, IEHP C&L standards, and IEHP C&L resources provided by the Provider Services Representatives and other appropriate IEHP Team Members.²⁹ Providers can also participate in the following online cultural competency trainings:

- 1. Office of Minority Health https://www.thinkculturalhealth.hhs.gov/
- 2. CDC https://www.cdc.gov/healthliteracy/
- 3. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services administration https://www.hrsa.gov/about/organization/bureaus/ohe/health-literacy/resources/

All new employees receive cultural awareness training within their first year of employment. 30,31,32 The Independent Living and Diversity Services Department coordinates

²² NCQA, 2022 Health Plan Standards and Guidelines, ME 2, Element B

²³ DHCS APL 21-004

²⁴ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 13, Provision 4, Written Member Information

^{25 42} CFR § 43.10(d)

^{26 28} CCR § 1300.67.04

²⁷ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 13, Provision 4, Written Member Information

²⁸ 28 CCR, § 1300.67.04

²⁹ DHCS IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 9, Provision 13, Cultural and Linguistic Program

³⁰ Ibid.

^{31 42} CFR § 440.262

^{32 28} CCR § 1300.67.04

B. Cultural and Linguistic Services Program Description

and implements activities to raise awareness of C&L resources and disseminates information to Team Members (e.g., C&L Awareness Weeks, JIVE Postings).

Cultural & Linguistic Services Program Evaluation

- A. IEHP conducts processes to monitor the delivery of and evaluates the impact and/or outcome of C&L services and takes effective action to address any improvements as needed.³³ Program evaluation activities include, but are not limited to:³⁴
 - 1. Assesses Providers' adherence to program standards based on quality activities and Member grievances;
 - 2. Tracks use of interpretation services; and
 - 3. Assesses impact of training or cultural awareness events on Team Members through Team Members' feedback.

Cultural and Linguistic Services Personnel

A. Program Manager

1. Under direction from Community Health leadership, the Program Manager oversees the C&L Program. The qualifications for this position include a Master's degree from an accredited institution in Social Work, Public Administration or closely related field required. The Program Manager staff consist of Community Health Representatives, Project Analyst, Coordinators and Administrative Assistant.

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³³ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 9, Provision 13, Cultural and Linguistic Program

³⁴ Ibid.

C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description

Introduction

IEHP supports an active, ongoing, and comprehensive Quality Management (QM) and Quality Improvement (QI) program with the primary goal of continuously monitoring and improving the quality of care and service, access to care, and patient safety delivered to IEHP Members. The QM/QI Program provides a formal process to systematically monitor and objectively evaluate, track, and trend the health plan's quality, efficiency, and effectiveness. IEHP is committed to assessing and continuously improving the care and service delivered to Members. IEHP has created a systematic, integrated approach to planning, designing, measuring, assessing, and improving the quality of care and services provided to Members. This comprehensive delivery system includes patient safety, behavioral health, care management, culturally and linguistically appropriate services, and coordination of care. IEHP will utilize this document for oversight, monitoring, and evaluation of Quality Management and Quality Improvement activities to ensure the QM/QI Program is operating in accordance with standards and processes as defined in this Program Description. These initiatives are aligned with IEHP's mission and vision.

Mission, Vision, and Values

IEHP's Mission, Vision, and Values (MVV) aims to improve the quality of care, access to care, patient safety, and quality of services delivered to IEHP Members. The organization prides itself in six (6) core goals:

- A. <u>Mission:</u> We heal and inspire the human spirit.
- B. <u>Vision:</u> We will not rest until our communities enjoy optimal care and vibrant health.
- C. *Values:* We do the right thing by:
 - 1. Placing our Members at the center of our universe.
 - 2. Unleashing our creativity and courage to improve health & well-being.
 - 3. Bringing focus and accountability to our work.
 - 4. Never wavering in our commitment to our Members, Providers, Partners, and each other.

QM/QI Program Overview

OM/OI Program Purpose

A. The purpose of the QM/QI Program is to provide the structure and framework necessary to monitor and evaluate the quality and appropriateness of care, identify opportunities for clinical, patient safety, and service improvements, ensure resolution of identified problems,

¹ Department of Health Care Services (DHCS)-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 7, Written Description

C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description

and measure and monitor intervention results over time to assess any needs for new improvement strategies.

QM/QI Program Scope

- A. The Quality Management Committee (QMC) approves the QM/QI Program annually. The QM/QI Program review includes approval of the QM/QI Program Description, QM/QI Work Plan, and QM Annual Evaluation to ensure ongoing performance improvement. The QM/QI Program is designed to improve all aspects of care delivered to IEHP Members in all health care settings by:
 - 1. Defining the Program structure;²
 - 2. Assessing and monitoring the delivery and safety of care;
 - 3. Assessing and monitoring population health management provided to Members, including behavioral health and care management services;³
 - 4. Supporting Practitioners and Providers to improve and maintain the safety of their practices;
 - 5. Overseeing IEHP's QM functions through the QMC;
 - 6. Involving designated Physician(s) and staff in the QM/QI Program;
 - 7. Involving a Behavioral Healthcare Practitioner in the behavioral health aspects of the Program;⁴
 - 8. Involving Long-Term Services and Supports (LTSS) Provider(s) in the QM/QI Program;
 - 9. Reviewing the effectiveness of LTSS programs and services;
 - 10. Ensuring that LTSS needs of Members are identified and addressed leveraging available assessment information;
 - 11. Identifying opportunities for QI initiatives, including the identification of health disparities among Members;
 - 12. Implementing and tracking QI initiatives that will have the greatest impact on Members;
 - 13. Measuring the effectiveness of interventions and using the results for future QI planning;
 - 14. Establishing specific role, structure and function of the QMC and other committees, including meeting frequency;

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² National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA), 2022 Health Plan Standards and Guidelines, QI 1, Element A. Factor 1

³ NCQA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, QI 1, Element A, Factor 2

⁴ NCQA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, QI 1, Element A, Factor 4

C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description

- 15. Reviewing resources devoted to the QM/QI Program;
- 16. Assessing and monitoring delivery and safety of care for the IEHP population with complex health needs and Seniors and Persons with Disabilities (SPD);
- 17. Assessing and monitoring processes to ensure the Member's cultural, racial, ethnic, and linguistic needs are being met; and
- 18. Reviewing grievances and appeals data and other pertinent information in relation to Member safety and care rendered at Provider practices/facilities.

QM/QI Program Goals⁵

- A. The primary goal of the QM/QI Program is to continuously assess and improve the quality of care, services, and safety of healthcare delivered to IEHP Members. The QM/QI Program goals are to:
 - 1. Implement strategies for Population Health Management (PHM) that keep Members healthy, manage Members with emerging risks, ensure patient safety and outcomes across settings, improve Member satisfaction, and improve quality of care for Members with chronic conditions;
 - 2. Implement quality programs to support PHM strategies while improving targeted health conditions;
 - 3. Identify clinical and service-related quality and patient safety issues, and develop and implement QI plans, as needed;
 - 4. Share the results of OI initiatives to stimulate awareness and change;
 - 5. Empower all staff to identify QI opportunities and work collaboratively to implement changes that improve the quality of all IEHP programs;
 - 6. Identify QI opportunities through internal and external audits, Member and Provider feedback, and the evaluation of Member grievances and appeals;
 - 7. Monitor over-utilization and under-utilization of services to assure appropriate access to care;
 - 8. Utilize accurate QI data to ensure program integrity; and
 - 9. Annually review the effectiveness of the QM/QI Program and utilize the results to plan future initiatives and program design.

⁵ NCQA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, QI 1, Element A, Factor 1

C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description

Authority and Responsibility⁶

A. The QM/QI Program includes tiered levels of authority, accountability, and responsibility related to quality of care and services provided to Members. The line of authority originates from the Governing Board and extends to Practitioners through different subcommittees. Further details can be found in the IEHP organizational chart.⁷



IEHP Governing Board

A. IEHP was created as a public entity with the initiation of a Joint Powers Agency (JPA) agreement between Riverside and San Bernardino Counties to serve eligible residents of both counties. Two (2) members from each County Board of Supervisors and three (3) public members selected from the two (2) counties sit on the Governing Board. The Governing Board is responsible for oversight of health care delivered by contracted Providers and Practitioners. The Board provides direction for the QM/QI Program; evaluates QM/QI Program effectiveness and progress; and evaluates and approves the annual QM/QI Program Description and Work Plan. The Quality Management Committee (QMC) reports delineating actions taken and improvements made are reported to the Board through the Chief Medical

⁶ NCOA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, OI 1, Element A, Factor 1

⁷ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 7, Written Description

C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description

Officer (CMO) and Chief Quality Officer (CQO).8

B. The Board delegates responsibility for monitoring the quality of health care delivered to Members to the CMO, CQO, and the QMC with administrative processes and direction for the overall QM/QI Program initiated through the CMO and CQO, or Medical Director designee. 9,10

Role of the Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

A. Appointed by the Governing Board, the CEO or designee has the overall responsibility for IEHP management and viability. Responsibilities include but are not limited to: IEHP direction, organization, and operation; developing strategies for each Department including the QM/QI Program; position appointments; fiscal efficiency; public relations; governmental and community liaison; and contract approval. The CEO reports to the Governing Board and is an ex officio member of all standing Committees. The CEO interacts with the CMO and CQO regarding ongoing QM/QI Program activities, progress toward goals, and identified health care problems or quality issues requiring corrective action.

Role of the Chief Medical Officer (CMO)11

- A. The Chief Medical Officer (CMO) or designee has ultimate responsibility for the quality of care and services delivered to Members and has the highest level of oversight for IEHP's QM/QI Program.¹² The CMO must possess a valid Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate issued by the State of California and certification by one of the American Specialty Boards. The CMO reports to the CEO and Governing Board. As a participant of various Subcommittees, the CMO provides direction for internal and external QM/QI Program functions and supervision of IEHP staff.
- B. The CMO or designee participates in quality activities as necessary; provides oversight of IEHP credentialing and re-credentialing activities and approval of IEHP requirements for IEHP-Direct Practitioners; reviews credentialed Practitioners for potential or suspected quality of care deficiencies; provides oversight of coordination and continuity of care activities for Members; provides oversight of patient safety activities; and proactively incorporates quality outcomes into operational policies and procedures.
- C. The CMO or designee provides direction to the QMC and associated Subcommittees; aids with study development; and facilitates coordination of the QM/QI Program in all areas to

⁸ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 3, Governing Body

⁹ Ibid.

¹⁰ NCQA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, QI 1, Element A, Factor 3

¹¹ Ibid.

¹² DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 2, Accountability

C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description

provide continued delivery of quality health care for Members. The CMO assists the Chief Network Development Officer with provider network development, contract, and product design. In addition, the CMO works with the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) to ensure that financial considerations do not influence the quality of health care administered to Members.

D. The CMO acts as primary liaison to regulatory and oversight agencies including, but not limited to: the Department of Health Care Services (DHCS), Department of Managed Health Care (DMHC), Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), and the National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA), with support from Health Services staff as necessary.

Role of the Chief Quality Officer (CQO)

- A. The Chief Quality Officer is responsible for leading quality strategy for IEHP. This includes the development of new, innovative solutions and quality measures in preventative health and improved quality of care for Members. The CQO reports to the CEO and Governing Board and must possess a valid Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate issued by the State of California and certification by one of the American Specialty Boards. The CQO works with the CEO and Chief Officers to establish goals and priorities for the quality strategy as well as communicating those goals to the Governing Board and its key stakeholders—the IEHP Provider network, regulatory and accrediting bodies. As a participant of various Subcommittees, the CQO provides direction for internal and external QM/QI Program functions and supervision of IEHP staff.
- B. Along with the CMO, the CQO or designee, provides direction to the QMC and associated Subcommittees; aids with quality study development; and facilitates coordination of the QM/QI program in all areas to provide continued delivery of quality health care for Members.
- C. The CQO initiates and leads initiatives for continuous quality improvement and evaluating the effectiveness of interventions across the continuum of care to Members, Providers and internally. The CQO also collaborates with state/federal regulatory agencies, accrediting bodies, and internal Government Relations, Compliance, and Legal leadership staff to ensure all quality and regulatory compliance requirements are met.
- D. The CQO provides leadership, develops strategies, and administers programs for accreditation, monitoring, HEDIS operations, reporting, quality scorecard reporting, and quality-related new business development.

Quality Management Committee (QMC)

A. The QMC reports to the Governing Board and retains oversight of the QM/QI Program with

C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description

direction from the CMO and CQO.^{13,14} The QMC promulgates the quality improvement process to participating groups and Physicians, Providers, Subcommittees, and internal IEHP functional areas with oversight by the CMO and CQO.

- 1. **Role**: The QMC is responsible for continuously improving the quality of care for IEHP Membership.¹⁵
- 2. **Structure:** The QMC is composed of Network Providers, Specialists, Medical Directors, IPA Medical Directors who are representative of network Practitioners, Practicing Pharmacists, and Public Health Department Representatives from Riverside and San Bernardino Counties. ¹⁶ These individuals provide expertise and assistance in directing the QM/QI Program activities. A designated Behavioral Healthcare Practitioner is an active Member of the IEHP QMC to assist with behavioral healthcare-related issues. ¹⁷ IEHP attendees include multi-disciplinary representation from multiple IEHP Departments including but not limited to:
 - a. Quality Management;
 - b. Utilization Management;
 - c. Behavioral Health and Care Management;
 - d. Pharmaceutical Services;
 - e. Member Services;
 - f. Family and Community Health;
 - g. Health Education;
 - h. Grievance & Appeals;
 - i. Quality Informatics;
 - i. HealthCare Informatics;
 - k. Independent Living and Diversity Services;
 - 1. Compliance; and

¹³ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 4, Quality Improvement Committee

¹⁴ NCOA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, QI 1, Element A, Factor 5

¹⁵ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 7, Written Description

¹⁶ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 4, Quality Improvement Committee

¹⁷ NCQA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, QI 1, Element A, Factor 4

- C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description
- m. Provider Services.
- 3. **Function**: The QMC meets quarterly and reports findings, actions, and recommendations to IEHP Governing Board (through the CMO) annually and reports meeting minutes to DHCS quarterly.¹⁸ The QMC seeks methods to increase the quality of health care for IEHP Members; recommend policy decisions; analyze and evaluate QI activity results; institute and direct needed actions; and ensure follow-up as appropriate. The Committee provides oversight and direction for Subcommittees, related programs, activities, and reviews and approves Subcommittee recommendations, findings, and provides direction as applicable. QMC findings and recommendations are reported through the CMO to the IEHP Governing Board on an annual basis.¹⁹
- 4. **Quorum**: Voting cannot occur unless there is a quorum of voting Members present. For decision purposes, a quorum can be composed of one (1) of the following:
 - a. The Chairperson or IEHP Medical Director and two (2) appointed physician Committee Members.
 - b. A Behavioral Health Practitioner must be present for behavioral health issues.²⁰
 - c. Non-physician Committee Members may not vote on medical issues. 21
- 5. **External Committee Members:** QMC members must be screened to ensure they are not active on either the Office of Inspector General (OIG) or General Services Administration (GSA) exclusion lists.
 - a. The Compliance and QM department collaborate to ensure committee members undergo an OIG/GSA exclusion screening prior to scheduling QMC meetings.
 - b. IEHP utilizes the OIG Compliance Now (OIGCN) vendor to conduct the screening of covered entities on behalf of IEHP. In the event, any member of the QMC, or prospective member, is found to be excluded per OIGCN, the Compliance Department will notify the QM department so that they may take immediate action.
 - c. QMC members must be screened before being confirmed, and monthly thereafter.
 - d. QM notifies the Compliance department of any membership changes in advance of the QMC meeting so that a screening can be conducted prior to the changes taking effect.

¹⁸ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 4, Quality Improvement Committee

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²⁰ NCOA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, QI 1, Element A, Factor 4

²¹ Ibid.

- C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description
- 6. **Confidentiality:** All QMC minutes, reports, recommendations, memoranda, and documented actions are considered quality assessment working documents and are kept confidential. IEHP complies with all State and Federal regulatory requirements for confidentiality. All records are maintained in a manner that preserves their integrity to assure Member and Practitioner confidentiality is protected.^{22,23}
 - a. All members, participating staff, and guests of the QMC and Subcommittees are required to sign the Committee/Subcommittee Attendance Record, including a confidentiality statement.
 - b. The confidentiality agreements are maintained in the Practitioner files as appropriate.
 - c. All IEHP staff members are required to sign a confidentiality agreement upon hiring. The confidentiality agreements are maintained in the employee files as appropriate.
 - d. All peer review records, proceedings, reports, and Member records are maintained in accordance with state, federal and regulatory requirements to ensure confidentiality.
 - e. IEHP maintains oversight of Provider and Practitioner confidentiality procedures. See policy 7B, "Information Disclosure and Confidentiality of Medical Records."
- 7. **Enforcement/Compliance:** The QM Department is responsible for monitoring and oversight of QMC's enforcement of compliance with IEHP standards and required activities. Activities can be found in sections of manuals related to the specific monitoring activity. The general process for obtaining compliance when deficiencies are noted, and Corrective Action Plans (CAP) are requested, is delineated in internal and external policies.
- 8. **Data Sources and Support:** The QM/QI Program utilizes an extensive data system that captures information from claims and encounter data, enrollment data, Utilization Management (UM), QM and QI activities, behavioral health data, pharmaceutical data, grievances and appeals, and Member Services, among others.
- 9. **Affirmation Statement**: The QM/QI Program assures that utilization decisions made for IEHP Members are based solely on medical necessity. IEHP does not compensate or offer financial incentives to Practitioners or individuals for denials of coverage or service or

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²² DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 4, Quality Improvement Committee

²³ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit E, Attachment 2 Program Terms and Conditions, Provision 21, Confidentiality of Information

Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description

any other decisions about Member care. 24,25,26 IEHP does not exert economic pressure to Practitioners or individuals to grant privileges that would not otherwise be granted or to practice beyond their scope of training or experience.

- 10. Availability of QM/QI Program Information: IEHP has developed an overview of the QM/QI Program and related activities. This overview is on the IEHP website at www.iehp.org and a paper copy is available to all Members and/or Practitioners upon request by calling IEHP Member Services Department. Members are notified of the availability through the Member Handbook.²⁷, ²⁸ Practitioners are notified in the Provider Manual. The IEHP QM/QI Program Description and Work Plan are available to IPAs and Practitioners upon request. A summary of QM activities and progress toward meeting QM goals are available to Members, Providers, and Practitioners upon request.
- 11. Conflict of Interest: IEHP monitors IPAs for policies and procedures and signed conflict of interest statements at the time of the Delegation Oversight Annual Audit.²⁹

Quality Subcommittees

- A. Subcommittee and functional reports are submitted to the QMC on a quarterly and ad hoc basis. The following Subcommittees, chaired by the IEHP CMO or designee, report findings and recommendations to the QMC:30,31
 - 1. Quality Improvement Council (QIC);
 - 2. Peer Review Subcommittee;
 - Credentialing Subcommittee;
 - Pharmacy and Therapeutics Subcommittee;
 - Utilization Management Subcommittee.

²⁴ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 5, Provision 1, Utilization Management Program

²⁵ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 8, Provision 3, Physician **Incentive Plan Requirements**

²⁶ NCQA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, MED 9, Element D

²⁷ Title 28, California Code of Regulations § 1300.69(i)

²⁸ NCOA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, MED 8, Element D

²⁹ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 4, Quality Improvement Committee

³⁰ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 7, Written Description

³¹ NCQA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, QI 1, Element A, Factor 5

C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description

Quality Improvement Council (QIC)³²

- A. The Quality Improvement Council (QIC) is responsible for quality improvement activities for IEHP.
 - 1. **Role:** The QI Council reviews reports and findings of studies before presenting to the QMC and works to develop action plans to improve quality and study results. In addition, QI Council directs the continuous monitoring of all aspects of Behavioral Health Care Management (BH & CM) and Population Health Management (PHM) services provided to Members.
 - 2. **Structure:** The QI Council is composed of representation from multiple internal IEHP Departments including but not limited to: Quality Systems, Behavioral Health & Care Management, Population Health Management, Grievance and Appeals, Utilization Management, Compliance, Community Health, HealthCare Informatics, Health Education, Member Services, and Provider Services. The QI Council is facilitated by an IEHP Medical Director or designee. Network Providers, who are representative of the composition of the contracted Provider network, may participate on the subcommittee that reports to the QMC.
 - 3. **Function**: The QI Council analyzes and evaluates QI activities and report results; develops action items as needed; and ensures follow-up as appropriate. All action plans are documented on the QI Council Work Plan.
 - 4. **Frequency of Meetings:** The QI Council meets monthly with ad hoc meetings conducted as needed.

Peer Review Subcommittee

A. The Peer Review Subcommittee is responsible for peer review activities for IEHP.

- 1. **Role:** The Peer Review Subcommittee reviews quality performance profiles of Practitioners identified during the Peer Review Program activities that may include escalated cases related to grievances, quality of care and utilization audits, credentialing and re-credentialing and medical-legal issues. The Subcommittee performs oversight of organizations who have been delegated credentialing and re-credentialing responsibilities and evaluates the IEHP Credentialing and Re-credentialing Program with recommendations for modification as necessary.
- 2. **Structure:** The Peer Review Subcommittee is composed of IPA Medical Directors or designated physicians that are representative of network Providers. A Behavioral Health

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³² DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 7, Written Description.

C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description

Practitioner and any other Specialist, not represented by committee members, serve on an ad hoc basis for related issues.

- 3. **Function**: The Peer Review Subcommittee serves as the committee for clinical quality review of Practitioners; evaluates and makes decisions regarding Member or Practitioner grievances and clinical quality of care cases referred by the CMO or Medical Director designee.
- 4. **Frequency of Meetings:** The Peer Review Subcommittee meets every other month with ad hoc meetings as needed.

Credentialing Subcommittee

- A. The Credentialing Subcommittee performs credentialing functions for Providers who are either directly contracted with IEHP or for those submitted for approval of participation in the IEHP network by IPAs that have not been delegated credentialing responsibilities.
 - 1. **Role:** The Credentialing Subcommittee is responsible for reviewing individual Practitioners who directly contract with IEHP and denying or approving their participation in the IEHP network.
 - 2. **Structure:** The Credentialing Subcommittee is composed of multidisciplinary participating Primary Care Providers (PCP) or specialty Physicians, representative of network Providers. A Behavioral Health Practitioner, and any other Specialist not represented by committee members, serves on an ad hoc basis for related issues.
 - 3. **Function:** The Credentialing Subcommittee provides thoughtful discussion and consideration of all network Providers being credentialed or re-credentialed; reviews Practitioner qualifications including adverse findings; approves or denies continued participation in the network every three (3) years for re-credentialing; and ensures that decisions are non-discriminatory.
 - 4. **Frequency of Meetings:** The Credentialing Subcommittee meets every month with ad hoc meetings conducted as needed.

Pharmacy and Therapeutics (P&T) Subcommittee³³

A. The P&T Subcommittee performs ongoing review and modification of the IEHP Formulary and related processes; conducts oversight of the Pharmacy network including medication prescribing practices by IEHP Practitioners; assesses usage patterns by Members; and assists with study design, and other related functions.

1. **Role**: The P&T Subcommittee is responsible for maintaining a current and effective formulary, monitoring medication prescribing practices by IEHP Practitioners, and

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³³ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 10, Provision 8, Services for All Members

C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description

under- and over-utilization of medications.

- 2. **Structure:** The P&T Subcommittee is comprised of clinical pharmacists and designated Physicians representative of network Practitioners. Other specialists, including a Behavioral Health Practitioner serve on an ad hoc basis for related issues. Changes to Subcommittee membership shall be reported to CMS during the contract year.
- 3. Function: The P&T Subcommittee serves as the committee to objectively appraise, evaluate, and select pharmaceutical products for formulary inclusion and exclusion. The Subcommittee provides recommendations regarding protocols and procedures for pharmaceutical management and the use of non-formulary medications on an ongoing basis. The Subcommittee ensures that decisions are based only on appropriateness of care and services. The P&T Subcommittee is responsible for developing, reviewing, recommending, and directing the distribution of disease state management or treatment guidelines for specific diseases or conditions that are primarily medication related. The Subcommittee utilizes retrospective Drug Utilization Review (DUR) Board reports to create interventions to ensure therapeutic appropriateness as well as to monitor adverse events, identify incorrect duration of treatment, over or underutilization, inappropriate or medically unnecessary prescribing, gross overprescribing and use, fraud, waste, and abuse and safe prescribing. The DUR Board also reports on Targeted Medication Reviews (TMRs) that include addressing key HEDIS® measures.
- 4. **Frequency of Meetings:** The P&T Subcommittee meets quarterly with ad hoc meetings conducted as needed.

Utilization Management (UM) Subcommittee

- A. The UM Subcommittee performs oversight of UM activities in all clinical departments conducted by IEHP and IPAs to maintain high quality health care, as well as effective and appropriate control of medical costs through monitoring of medical practice patterns and utilization of services.
 - 1. **Role:** The UM Subcommittee directs the continuous monitoring of all aspects of UM and Behavioral Health (BH) services provided to Members.
 - 2. **Structure:** The UM Subcommittee is composed of IPA Medical Directors, or designated Physicians that are representative of network Practitioners. A Behavioral Health Physician and any other Specialist, not represented by committee members, serve on an ad hoc basis for related issues.³⁴
 - 3. **Function**: The UM Subcommittee reviews and approves the Utilization Management programs annually. The Subcommittee also monitors for over-utilization and under-utilization; and ensures that UM decisions are based only on appropriateness of care and

³⁴ NCQA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, UM 1, Element A, Factors 2 and 4

C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description

service. Issues that arise prior to the UM Subcommittee that require immediate attention are reviewed by the Medical Director(s) and reported back to the UM Subcommittee at the next scheduled meeting.

4. **Frequency of Meetings:** The UM Subcommittee meets quarterly with ad hoc meetings conducted as needed.

OM Support Committees/Workgroups

- A. IEHP also has Committees and/or Workgroups that are designed to provide structural input from Providers and Members. These Committees and Workgroups report directly through the QMC, Compliance Committee or through the CEO to the Governing Board. Any potential quality issues that arise from these Committees would be referred to the QMC by attending staff. The Committees and Workgroups include:
 - 1. Public Policy Participation Committee (PPPC);
 - 2. Persons with Disabilities Workgroup (PDW); and
 - 3. Delegation Oversight Committee.

Public Policy Participation Committee (PPPC)

A. The PPPC is a standing committee with a majority of its Members drawn from IEHP Membership. The PPPC provides a forum to review and comment on operational issues that could impact Member quality of care including, but not limited to: new programs, Member information, access, racial, ethnic, cultural and linguistic, and Member Services. The PPPC meets quarterly with ad hoc meetings conducted as needed.

Persons with Disabilities Workgroup (PDW)

A. The PDW is an ad-hoc workgroup made up of IEHP Members with disabilities and Members from community-based organizations that provide recommendations on provisions of health care services, educational priorities, communication needs, and the coordination of and access to services for Members with disabilities. The PDW meets at least quarterly.

Delegation Oversight Committee

A. The Delegation Oversight Committee is an internal committee that monitors the operational activities of contracted IPAs, and other Delegated activities including Claims Audits, Pre-Service and Payment Universe Metrics, Financial Viability, Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) transactions, Care Management, Utilization Management, Grievances and Appeals, Quality Management, Credentialing/Re-credentialing activities, and other Provider-related activities. The Delegation Oversight Committee reports directly to the Compliance Committee

C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description

and meets monthly with ad hoc meetings conducted as needed.

Organizational Structure and Resources

A. IEHP has designated internal resources to support, facilitate, and contribute to the QM/QI Program. The Organization Chart (see Authority and Responsibility, section A) provides further details on support staff.³⁵

Clinical Oversight of QM/QI Program

- A. Under the direction of the CMO, CQO, or designee, Medical Directors are responsible for clinical oversight and management of the QM, UM, BH & CM, Health Education, PHM activities, participating in QM/QI Program for IEHP and its Practitioners, and overseeing credentialing functions. Medical Directors must possess a valid Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate issued by the State of California and certification by one (1) of the American Specialty Boards. Principal accountabilities include:
 - 1. Developing and implementing medical policy for Health Services department activities and QM functions;
 - 2. Reviewing current medical practices ensuring that protocols are implemented and medical personnel of IEHP follow rules of conduct;
 - 3. Ensuring that assigned Members are provided health care services and medical attention at all locations;
 - 4. Ensuring that medical care rendered by Practitioners meets applicable professional standards for acceptable medical care; and
 - 5. Following evidence-based CPGs developed by IEHP for all lines of business.

Quality Systems Department (QS)

- A. The Quality Systems (QS) Department operates under the direction of the Senior Director of Quality Systems. The Senior Director of Quality is responsible for the oversight of all quality studies, demographic analysis, and other research projects; and reports up to the Vice President of Quality. Areas of Accountability Include:
 - 1. Developing research or methodologies for quality studies;
 - 2. Producing detailed criteria and processes for research and studies to ensure accurate and reliable results:

³⁵ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 7, Written Description

- C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description
- 3. Designing data collection methodologies or other tools as necessary to support research or study activities;
- 4. Implementing research or studies in coordination with other IEHP functional areas;
- 5. Ensuring appropriate collection of data or information;
- 6. Qualitative and quantitative analysis of research results (including barrier analysis); and
- 7. Implementing research studies in coordination with other IEHP functional areas to ensure accurate and reliable results for quality studies.
- B. Staff support for the Senior Director of Quality Systems consists of clinical and/or non-clinical directors, managers, supervisors, and administrative staff.

Quality Management Department (QM)³⁶

- A. The Quality Management Department operates under the direction of the Director of Quality Management. The Director of Quality Management reports up to the Senior Director of Quality Systems who reports to the Vice President of Quality. The Director of QM is responsible for oversight of the quality process; implementing, developing, coordinating, and monitoring for quality improvement, and maintaining the QM/QI Program and its related activities. Activities include the ongoing assessment of Provider and Practitioner compliance with IEHP requirements and standards, monitoring Provider trends and report submissions, and oversight of facility inspections. The Director of Quality Management also monitors and evaluates the effectiveness of IPA QM systems; coordinates information for the annual QM/QI Program Evaluation and Work Plan; prepares audit results for presentation to the QMC, associated Subcommittees, and the Governing Board; and acts as liaison regarding medical issues for Providers, Practitioners, and Members.
- B. Staff support for the Director of Quality Management consists of clinical Managers, Special Program Manager, analysts, and administrative staff.

Health Services Clinical Integration & Operations Department

A. The Health Services Clinical Integration & Operations Department operates under the direction of the Vice President of Health Services Clinical Integration & Operations, who reports to the CMO and encompasses Behavioral Health and Care Management (BH & CM), Utilization Management, and Pharmacy. These departments are responsible for clinical oversight and management of the IEHP Behavioral Health and Care Management, Utilization Management, and Pharmacy Programs. In these roles they also participate in quality management and quality improvement, grievance, utilization and credentialing functions and

³⁶ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 7, Written Description

C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description

activities related to BH & CM, UM, and Pharmacy services.

B. The Vice President of Health Services Clinical Integration & Operations or designee oversees staff with the required qualifications to perform care coordination activities in a managed care environment. These staff have various levels of experience and expertise in behavioral health, social work, utilization management, utilization review, care management, long-term services and support, quality assurance, training, pharmaceutical services, and customer or provider relations. These staff positions include clinical and/or non-clinical Directors, Managers, Supervisors, and administrative staff.

Pharmaceutical Services Department

- A. The Pharmaceutical Services Department operates under the direction of the Senior Director of Pharmaceutical Services. The Senior Director of Pharmaceutical Services reports to the Vice President of Health Services Clinical Integration and Operations. The Pharmaceutical Services Department is responsible for pharmacy benefits and pharmaceutical services, including pharmacy network, pharmacy benefit coverage, formulary management, drug utilization program, pharmacy quality management program and pharmacy disease management program. The Senior Director of Pharmaceutical Services is responsible for developing and overseeing the IEHP Pharmaceutical Services Program.
- B. Staff support for the Senior Director of Pharmaceutical Services consists of clinical and non-clinical Directors, Managers, Supervisors, analysts and administrative staff.

Utilization Management Department (UM)

- A. The Utilization Management (UM) Department operates under the direction of the Senior Director of Medical Management, Clinical Director of UM, and Director of UM Operations. The Senior Director of Medical Management reports to the Vice President of Health Services Clinical Integration & Operations and is responsible for developing and maintaining the UM Program structure and assisting Providers and Practitioners in providing optimal UM services to Members. The Senior Director of Medical Management, Clinical Director of UM and Operations Director of UM are responsible for oversight of delegated and non-delegated IEHP Direct UM activities. Additional responsibilities include the development and implementation of internal UM services, processes, policies, and procedures, as well as oversight and direction of IEHP UM staff and providing support to the IEHP QM Committee and Subcommittees.
- B. The Senior Director of Medical Management, Clinical Director of UM and Director of UM Operations oversee UM staff with the required qualifications to perform UM in a managed care environment. The required qualifications for UM staff support may consist of experience in utilization management or care management. Staff positions may include clinical and/or non-clinical Managers, Supervisors, nurses, analysts, non-clinical and administrative staff.

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Health Education Department

- A. The Health Education Program operates under the direction of the Senior Medical Director of Family and Community Health, and Director of Health Education who provides oversight of all accreditation and regulatory standards for Member health education. Primary responsibilities include oversight of the Health Education Department for Member health education and Employee Wellness Program. The department coordinates with other departments to ensure Member health education materials meet state requirements for readability format, racial, ethnic, cultural and linguistic relevance. The Director facilitates effective communication and coordination of care among UM, BH & CM, Pharmaceutical Services, and Health Education departments. Leadership works with other departments to develop and coordinate policies and procedures for medical services (e.g., medical procedures, denials, pharmaceutical services) that incorporate Member participation in health education programs. The Director of Health Education ensures compliance with all accreditation and regulatory standards for health education and acts as the primary liaison between IEHP and Providers/external agencies for health education.
- B. The Senior Medical Director of Family and Community Health also provides oversight of the Employee Wellness Program and co-chairs the Employee Wellness Advisory Committee to plan and monitor activities to enhance wellness among IEHP Team Members.
- C. The Director of Health Education oversees various levels of staff consisting of non-clinical management and administrative staff.

Community Health Department

- A. The Community Health Department operates under the direction of the Senior Director of Community Health. The Senior Director of Community Health oversees various levels of staff, including the Independent Living and Diversity Services (ILDS) and Community Outreach. The ILDS Manager is responsible for administering IEHP's program for Seniors and Persons with Disabilities (SPD), including outreach plan implementation, cross-department program deliverables coordination, and external operational coordination with regulatory agencies and stakeholders. The Director of Community Health ensures interaction and enrollment in events that support the community or prospective Members.
- B. The Senior Director of Community Health oversees various levels of staff consisting of nonclinical Directors, Managers, Supervisors, Health Navigators, Community Outreach Representatives, analysts, and administrative staff.

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Provider Services Department

- A. The Provider Services Department operate under the direction of the Chief Operating Officer (COO). There are four Directors who are responsible for the execution of the Provider Services' Department's objectives:
 - 1. Director of Provider Operations is responsible for the Provider Call Center, including the resolution of Provider and Practitioner issues.
 - 2. Director of Provider Relations is responsible for the education of Providers and Practitioners concerning IEHP policies and procedures, health plan programs, IEHP website training and all other functions necessary to ensure Providers and Practitioners can successfully participate in IEHP's network and provide appropriate, quality care to IEHP Members.
 - 3. Director of Delegation Oversight is responsible for IPA oversight and monitoring in conjunction with departments including QM, UM, CM, Credentialing/Re-Credentialing activities, Compliance, and Finance.
 - 4. Director of Provider Network and Director of Provider Communication is responsible for all Provider communications, oversight of the IEHP Provider Manual and network compliance.
- B. Staff support for the COO includes Directors, Managers, Supervisors, analysts, and administrative staff.

Credentialing Department

A. The Credentialing Department operates under the Director of Provider Network, who reports to the COO and is responsible for Provider Operations including credentialing and recredentialing functions, oversight for directly contracted Practitioners, Providers, and delegated IPAs, and resolving credentialing-related Provider issues.

Grievance & Appeals Department

A. The Grievance & Appeals Department operates under the Director of Grievance & Appeals, who reports to the Vice President of Operations. The Grievance & Appeals Department is responsible for investigation and resolution of grievances and appeals received from Members, Providers, Practitioners, and regulatory agencies. The Grievance & Appeals Department gathers supporting documentation from Members, Providers, or contracted entities, and resolves cases based on clinical urgency of the Member's health condition. The Director of Grievance & Appeals has the primary responsibility for the timeliness and processing of the resolution for all cases. The Director of Grievance & Appeals is responsible for the maintenance of the Grievance & Appeals Resolution System.

- C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description
- B. Staff supporting the Director of Grievance & Appeals include clinical and/or non-clinical Managers, Supervisors, nurses, and administrative staff.

Information and Technology (IT)

A. The IT Department operates under the Directors of IT who report to the Vice President of Technology – Production Support Infrastructure Services. The IT Department is responsible for the overall security and integrity of the data systems that IEHP uses to support Members, Providers and Team Members. IT is responsible for maintaining internal systems that provide access to Member data received from regulators, Providers and contracted entities. The system ensures that Team Members have access to data to assist them in providing care and guidance to Members. The IT Department maintains the Member and Provider portals which are extensively used tools for communicating.

Communications and Strategy Department

A. The Communications and Strategy Department operates under the direction of the Director of Communications and Marketing, who reports to the Chief Communications and Marketing Officer. The Communications and Strategy Department is responsible for conducting appropriate product and market research to support the development of marketing and Member communication plans for all products including Member materials (e.g., Member Newsletters, Evidence of Coverage, Provider Directory, website, etc.). The Quality Management Department works closely with the Communications and Strategy and Health Education Departments to ensure that Member materials are implemented in a timely manner.

Program Documents

A. In addition to the detailed QM/QI Program Description, IEHP also develops the QM/QI Work Plan and completes a robust annual evaluation of the QM/QI Program.

Quality Management and Quality Improvement Work Plans³⁷

A. Annually, and as necessary, the QMC approves the QM/QI Work Plan, which details a 3-year (36 months) lookback period of program initiatives to achieve established goals and objectives including the specific activities, methods, projected timeframes for completion, monitoring of previously identified issues, evaluation of the QI program and team members responsible for each initiative. The scope of the Work Plan incorporates the needs, input, and priorities of IEHP. The Work Plan is used to monitor all the different initiatives that are part of the QM/QI Program. These initiatives focus on improving quality of care and service, access, Member and Provider satisfaction, patient safety, and QI activities that support PHM strategies. The

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³⁷ NCQA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, QI 1, Element A, Factor 5

C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description

QMC identifies priorities for implementing clinical and non-clinical Work Plan initiatives. The Work Plan includes goals and objectives, staff responsibilities, completion timeframes, monitoring of corrective action plans (CAPs) and ongoing analysis of the work completed during the measurement year. The Work Plan is submitted to DHCS and CMS annually.³⁸

Annual QM/QI Program Evaluation³⁹

- A. On an annual basis, IEHP evaluates the effectiveness and progress of the QM/QI Program including:
 - 1. The QM/QI Program structure;
 - 2. The behavioral healthcare aspects of the program;
 - 3. How patient safety is addressed;
 - 4. Involvement of a designated physician in the QM/QI Program;
 - 5. Involvement of a Behavioral Healthcare Practitioner in the behavioral aspects of the program;
 - 6. Oversight of QI functions of the organization by the QI Committee;
 - 7. An annual work plan (QM/QI Work Plan);
 - 8. Objectives for serving a culturally and linguistically diverse membership; and
 - 9. Objectives for serving Members with complex health needs.
- B. As such, an annual summary of all completed and ongoing QM/QI Program activities addresses the quality and safety of clinical care and quality of service provided as outlined in the QM/QI Work Plan. The evaluation documents evidence of improved health care or deficiencies, progress in improving safe clinical practices, status of studies initiated or completed, timelines, methodologies used, and follow-up mechanisms that are reviewed by QM staff, the CMO, CQO, or designee. The evaluation includes pertinent results from QM/QI Program studies, Member access to care, IEHP standards, physician credentialing and facility review compliance, Member experience, evidence of the overall effectiveness of the program, and significant activities affecting medical and behavioral health care provided to Members.
- C. Performance measures are trended over time and compared with established performance thresholds to determine service, safe clinical practices, and clinical care issues. The results are analyzed to assess barriers and verify and establish additional improvements. The CMO, CQO, or designee presents the results to the QMC for comments, consideration of performance, suggested program adjustments, and revision of procedures or guidelines as necessary.

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³⁸ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 4, Quality Improvement Committee

³⁹ NCQA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, QI 1, Element C

C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description

Review and Approval of Program Documents⁴⁰

A. On an annual basis, the QM/QI Program Description, QM/QI Program Summary, and QM/QI Work Plan are presented to the Governing Board for review, approval, assessment of health care rendered to Members, comments, direction for activities proposed for the coming year, and approval of changes in the QM/QI Program. The Governing Board is responsible for the direction of the program and actively evaluates the annual plan to determine areas for improvement. Board comments, actions, and responsible parties assigned to changes are documented in the minutes.

Quality Improvement Processes

A. The planning and implementation of annual QM/QI Program activities follows an established process. This includes development and implementation of the Work Plan, quality improvement initiatives, and quality studies. Measurement of success encompasses an annual evaluation of the QM/QI Program.

IEHP Quality Improvement (QI) Initiatives

- A. QI initiatives are aligned with the organization's Five Star strategic priorities and take into consideration the needs of the IEHP population, in addition to populations identified by state and regulatory agencies.
- B. IEHP's QI initiatives are selected based on strategic priorities and align with the "Triple Aim"—enhancing patient experience, improving population health, and reducing costs, which is widely accepted as a compass to optimize health system performance. Goals and objectives are selected based on relevance to IEHP's Membership and relation to IEHP's mission and vision. Activities reflect the needs of the Membership and focus on high-volume, high-risk, or deficient areas for which quality improvement activities are likely to result in improvements in care and service, access, safety, and satisfaction. Performance measures and customized metrics form the basis for plans and actions developed to improve care and service. Measure data and performance metrics are collected, compiled, and analyzed to determine strategic priority direction and to ensure that opportunities for improvement are identified and/or best practices are defined and shared.

Plan-Do-Study-Act Cycle

A. The "Plan-Do-Study-Act" (PDSA) Cycle is utilized to implement and test the effectiveness of changes. The model focuses on identifying improvement opportunities and changes and

⁴⁰ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Quality Improvement System

C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description

measuring improvements. Successful changes are adopted and applied where applicable. In general, quality improvement initiatives follow the process below:

- 1. Find a process to improve, usually by presenting deficient results;
- 2. Organize a team that understands the process and include subject matter experts (SMEs);
- 3. Clarify knowledge about the process;
- 4. Understand and define the key variables and characteristics of the process;
- 5. Select the process to improve;
- 6. Plan a roadmap for improvement and/or develop a work plan;
- 7. Implement changes;
- 8. Evaluate the effect of changes through measurement and analysis; and
- 9. Maintain improvements and continue to improve the process.

Data Collection Methodology

A. Performance measures developed have a specified data collection methodology and frequency. The methodology for data collection is dependent on the type of measure and available data, with data validation being a vital part of the data collection process. Quality assessment and improvement activities are linked with the delivery of health care services. Data is collected, aggregated, and analyzed to monitor performance. When opportunities for improvement are identified, a plan for improvement is developed and implemented. Data is used to determine if the plan resulted in the desired improvement. Data collection is ongoing until the improvement is considered stable. At that time, the need for ongoing monitoring is reevaluated. Data may also indicate the need to abandon an action and reassess options for other action items necessary to drive performance improvement.

Measurement Process

A. Quality measures are used to regularly monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of quality improvement initiatives, and compliance with internal and external requirements. IEHP reviews and evaluates, on not less than a quarterly basis, the information available to the plan regarding accessibility and availability. IEHP measures performance against community, national or internal baselines and benchmarks when available, and applicable, which are derived from peer-reviewed literature, national standards, regulatory guidelines, established clinical practice guidelines, and internal trend reviews.

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Evaluation Process⁴¹

A. IEHP uses several techniques and tools to evaluate effectiveness of QI studies and initiatives. These include conducting a robust quantitative and qualitative analysis. A quantitative analysis includes comparison to benchmarks and goals, trend analysis, and tests of statistical significance. The HCI team selects the appropriate tools to complete the quantitative analysis. The QM Department works closely with the HCI Department and other key stakeholders to complete a robust qualitative analysis. A qualitative analysis includes barrier analysis and attribution analysis. IEHP performs this analysis in a focus group-like setting using all the key stakeholders.

Communication and Feedback

- A. Ongoing education and communication regarding quality improvement initiatives is accomplished internally and externally through committees, staff meetings, joint operation meetings, mailings, and announcements.⁴²
 - 1. Providers are educated regarding quality improvement initiatives through on-site quality visits, Provider newsletters, specific mailings, and the IEHP website.
 - 2. Specific performance feedback regarding actions or data is communicated to Providers. General and measure-specific performance feedback is shared via special mailings, Provider newsletters, IEHP's Provider Portal, and the IEHP website.
 - 3. Feedback to Providers may include, but is not limited to, the following:
 - a. Listings of Members who need specific services or interventions;
 - b. Clinical Practice Guideline recommended interventions;
 - c. Healthcare Effectiveness Data Information Sets (HEDIS®) and Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers (CAHPS®) results;⁴³
 - d. Recognition for performance or contributions; and
 - e. Discussions regarding the results of medical chart audits, grievances, appeals, referral patterns, utilization patterns, and compliance with contractual requirements.

Improvement Processes

A. Performance indicators are also used to identify quality issues. When identified, IEHP QM staff investigates cases and determines the appropriate remediation activities including

43 Ibid.

⁴¹ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 7, Written Description.

⁴² Ibid.

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Corrective Action Plans (CAPs). Providers or Practitioners that are significantly out of compliance with QM requirements must submit a CAP. Persistent non-compliance, or failure to adequately address or explain discrepancies identified through oversight activities, may result in freezing of new Member enrollment, a requirement to subcontract out the deficient activities within the Management Services Organization (MSO) or IPA; de-delegation of specified functions; and/or termination of participation or non-renewal of the agreement with IEHP.

Quality Improvement Initiatives

A. IEHP has developed several Quality Improvement initiatives to improve quality of care, access and service, Member and Provider satisfaction, and patient safety. IEHP assesses the performance of these initiatives against established thresholds and/or benchmarks.

Quality of Care

- A. IEHP monitors several externally and internally developed clinical quality measures and tracks the quality of care provided by IEHP. To evaluate these measures IEHP collects data from a number of different sources that include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. HEDIS® submission for Medi-Cal and IEHP DualChoice;
 - 2. State/Federal required Performance Improvement Projects and Quality Activities; and
 - 3. Claims and encounter data from contracted Providers (e.g. Primary Care Providers, Specialists, labs, hospitals, IPAs, Vendors, etc.).
- B. Measuring and reporting on these measures helps IEHP to guarantee that its Members are getting care that is safe, effective, and timely. The clinical quality measures discussed below are used to evaluate multiple aspects of Member care including:
 - 1. Performance with healthcare outcomes and clinical processes;
 - 2. Adherence to clinical and preventive health guidelines;
 - 3. Effectiveness of chronic conditions, Population Health and Behavioral Health Care Management programs; and
 - 4. Member experience with the care they received.

HEDIS® Measures44

A. HEDIS® is a group of standardized performance measures designed to ensure that information is available to compare the performance of managed health care plans. IEHP has

⁴⁴ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 9, External Quality Review Requirements

C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description

initiatives in place that focuses on a broad range of HEDIS® measures that cover the entire Membership, including, priority measures that relate to children, adolescents, and Members with chronic conditions.

B. IEHP develops several Member and Provider engagement programs to improve HEDIS® rates. Interventions include a combination of incentives, outreach and education, Provider-level reports and gaps in care reports, and other activities deemed critical to improve performance. These interventions are tracked and monitored in the QM/QI Work Plan and are presented at the QI Subcommittee. In addition, IEHP's performance on HEDIS® measures is reported and discussed annually at the QI Subcommittee, who provides guidance on prioritizing measures for the subsequent year(s). IEHP's goal is to continually develop and implement interventions that are aimed at improving HEDIS® rates and quality of care for its Members.

Performance Improvement Projects (PIPs) (DHCS, CMS and Health Services Advisory Group (HSAG) and Quality Activities)⁴⁵

- A. IEHP implements several Performance Improvement Projects (PIPs) and DHCS Managed Care Accountability Set (MCAS) that are required by regulatory agencies (DHCS, CMS and HSAG) and in accordance with requirements in the Capitated Financial Alignment Model.
 - 1. PIPs A thorough analysis on a targeted problem is completed. A baseline and key indicators are established and then interventions are implemented. Interventions are designed to enhance quality and outcomes that benefit IEHP Members.
 - 2. DHCS Managed Care Accountability Set (MCAS) These are conducted for each MCAS measures with a rate that does not meet the Minimum Performance Level (MPL) as assigned by DHCS.
 - 3. NCQA Quality Activities These are quality improvement activities conducted to meet NCQA accreditation standards.
 - 4. CMS Chronic Care Improvement Project (CCIP) An improvement project to promote the effective chronic disease management and improvement of care and health outcomes for Members with chronic conditions.
- B. The Quality Management Department, under the direction of the Medical Director(s), is responsible for monitoring these programs and implementing interventions to make improvements. IEHP is focusing on the following studies:

IEHP Provider Policy and Procedure Manual 01/23 Medi-Cal

⁴⁵ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 9, External Quality Review Requirements

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Study Name	Reporting Agency	Type of Study
IEHP All-Cause Readmissions – Statewide Collaborative measure (non-HEDIS® measure) addressing reduction of hospital readmission rates	NCQA	Quality Activity
Disparity Performance Improvement Project – Controlling High Blood Pressure (CBP)	DHCS, HSAG	PIP
Child & Adolescent Performance Improvement Project – Well Care Visits	DHCS, HSAG	PIP
Comprehensive Diabetes Care HbA1c Poor Control	DHCS	PDSA
Chronic Care Improvement Project – Osteoporosis Management in Women Who Have Had a Fracture	CMS	CCIP

Continuity and Coordination of Care Studies

- A. Continuity and coordination of care are key determinants for overall health outcomes. Comprehensive coordination of care improves patient safety, avoids duplicate assessments, procedures or testing, and results in better treatment outcomes. IEHP evaluates continuity and coordination of care on an annual basis through multiple studies. The purpose of these studies is to assess the effectiveness of the exchange of information between:
 - 1. Medical care Providers working in different care settings; and
 - 2. Medical and behavioral healthcare Providers.
- B. The results of these studies are presented and discussed by the QI Council and QMC. Based on the findings, the committee members recommend opportunities for improvement that are implemented by the responsible department.

Improving Quality for Members with Complex Needs

- A. IEHP has multiple programs, at no cost to the Member, that focus on improving quality of care and services provided to Members with complex medical needs (i.e., chronic conditions, severe mental illness, long-term services and support) and Seniors and Persons with Disabilities (SPD), including physical and developmental, as well as quality of behavioral health services focused on recovery, resiliency, and rehabilitation. These programs include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Complex Care Management (CCM) Program
 - a. The CCM program was established for Members with chronic and/or complex conditions. The goal of the CCM program is to optimize Member wellness, improve clinical outcomes, and promote self-management and appropriate resource

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management across the care continuum, through efficient care coordination, education, referrals to health care resource, and advocacy. IEHP assesses the performance of the CCM program annually using established measures and quantifiable standards. These reports are presented to the QI Council and QM Committee for discussion and input. Based on the committee recommendations, the Care Management Department collaborates with other Departments within the organization to implement improvement activities.

2. Transition of Care (TOC) Program

- a. IEHP has developed a system to coordinate the delivery of care across all healthcare settings, Providers, and services to ensure all hospitalized Members are evaluated for discharge needs to provide continuity and coordination of care. Multiple studies have shown that the poor transition between care settings have resulted an increase in mortality and morbidity. Transitioning care without assistance for Members with complex needs (e.g. SPD Members that very often have three (3) or more chronic conditions) can be complicated by several other health and social risk factors. IEHP's TOC program has been designed to provide solutions to these challenges. Through the TOC program, IEHP makes concerted efforts to coordinate care when Members move from one setting to another. This coordination ensures quality of care and minimizes risk to patient safety. IEHP also works with the Member or their caregiver to ensure they have the necessary medications/supplies to prevent readmissions or complications. The goals of the TOC program include the following:
 - 1) Avoiding of hospital readmissions post discharge;
 - 2) Improvements in health outcomes post discharge from inpatient facilities; and
 - 3) Improving Member and caregiver experience with care received.
- 3. Facility Site Review (FSR)/Medical Record Review (MRR) and Physical Accessibility Review Survey (PARS)⁴⁶
 - a. IEHP requires all Primary Care Physician (PCP) sites to undergo an initial Facility Site Review (FSR) and Medical Record Review (MRR) Survey performed by a Certified Site Reviewer (CSR) prior to the PCP site participating in the IEHP network. The purpose of the FSR/MRR is to ensure a PCP site's capacity to support the safe and effective provision of primary care services. See policy 6A, "Facility Site Review and Medical Record Review Survey Requirements and Monitoring."
 - b. In addition to the FSR/MRR, IEHP also conducts a Physical Accessibility Review Surveys (PARS) prior to the PCP site participating in the IEHP network. The purpose of the PARS is to assess the physical accessibility, physical appearance, safety,

⁴⁶ Department of Health Care Services (DHCS) All Plan Letter (APL) 20-006, Supersedes APL 14-004, "Site Reviews: Facility Site Review and Medical Record Review"

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adequacy of room space, availability of appointments, and adequacy of record keeping, and any other issue that could impede quality of care. PARS also ensures Provider sites that are seeing Members with disabilities do not have any physical access limitations as when visiting a Provider site. See policy 6B, "Physical Accessibility Review Survey."

The FSR/MRR and PARS are conducted every three (3) years. Sites will be monitored every six (6) months until all deficiencies are resolved. The Quality Management Department is responsible for oversight of PARS and FSR/MRR activities. In partnership with IEHP key stakeholders, the QM Department is also responsible for providing training should physical access issues or deficiencies be identified. The QMC reviews an annual assessment of PARS activities to ensure compliance.

Other Clinical Measures and Studies

A. Initial Health Assessment Monitoring⁴⁷

IEHP also monitors the rate of Initial Health Assessments (IHA) performed on new Members. The timeliness criteria for an IHA is within one hundred twenty 120 calendar days of enrollment for Members. This rate is presented to QI Council for review and analysis. IEHP has a number of Member and Provider outreach programs to improve the IHA rate.

B. Clinical Practice Guidelines (CPGs) and Preventive Health Guidelines

To make health care safer, higher quality, more accessible, equitable and affordable, IEHP has adopted evidence-based clinical practice guidelines for prevention and chronic condition management. In addition, IEHP considers recommendations for Adult and Pediatric Preventive Services per DHCS contractual requirements which include criteria for the following;

- 1. FSR/MRR Documentation;
- Select United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) recommendations;
- 3. The American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG);
- American Diabetes Association (ADA);
- Bright Futures from American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP); and
- IEHP/Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) Immunizations Schedule.

⁴⁷ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 10, Provision 3, Initial Health Assessment

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C. Over-utilization and Under-utilization 48

- 1. IEHP monitors over-utilization and under-utilization of services at least annually. The QM and UM departments work collaboratively to capture utilization trends or patterns. The results are compared with nationally recognized thresholds. Under-utilization of services can result due to a number of reasons that include but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Access to health care services based on geographic regions;
 - b. Demographic factors also impact over-utilization and under-utilization of services/care:
 - i. Race, ethnicity, and language preference (RELP);
 - ii. Knowledge and perceptions regarding health care which are largely driven by cultural beliefs; and
 - iii. Income and socioeconomic status.
- 2. IEHP also reviews trends of ER utilization, pain medications prescriptions, and potential areas of over-utilization on an annual basis. The purpose of the analysis is to:
 - a. Identify the dominant utilization patterns within the population.
 - b. Identify groups of high and low utilizers and understand their general characteristics.

D. Quality Withhold Performance Review

Annually, IEHP's performance on Quality Withhold measures are summarized and presented to IEHP's Quality Improvement Council (QIC).

- 1. This measure review includes the quality withhold measure descriptions, measure rates, benchmark goals, and whether the measure goal was met or not met.
- 2. This review with the Quality Improvement Council (QIC) would also include an opportunity to discuss improvement strategies in areas needing improvement.

Access to Care

A. With the rapid expansion of the managed care programs in California, access to health care services within the State has been negatively impacted over the last few years and is now considered unreliable. Based on several statewide studies, there are many Members who do not receive appropriate and timely care. As IEHP's Membership grows, access to care is a major area of concern for the plan and hence the organization has dedicated a significant

⁴⁸ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 9, External Quality Review Requirements

C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description

number of resources to measuring and improving access to care. This analysis is presented to the QI Council and QM Committee for discussion and recommendations as needed.

Availability of PCPs by Language⁴⁹

A. IEHP monitors network availability based on threshold languages annually. IEHP understands the importance of being able to provide care to Members in their language of choice and the impact it has on a Member-Practitioner relationship. To ensure adequate access to PCPs, IEHP has established quantifiable standards for geographic distribution of PCPs for its threshold languages. These two (2) languages cover over 98% of the Membership. The primary objectives are to evaluate network availability against the established language standards and identify opportunities for improvement.

Availability of Practitioners

A. IEHP monitors the availability of PCP, Specialists and Behavioral Health Practitioners and assesses them against established standards at least annually or when there is a significant change to the network. The performance standards are based on State, NCQA, and industry benchmarks. IEHP has established quantifiable standards for both the number and geographic distribution of its network of Practitioners. IEHP uses a geo-mapping application to assess the geographic distribution. Considering the size of the service area, IEHP evaluates the distribution of Providers since there may be significant gaps in some of the more rural areas covered by IEHP.

Provider Appointment Availability Survey (PAAS)

- A. IEHP monitors appointment access for PCPs, Specialists and Behavioral Health Providers and assesses them against established standards at least annually. There is significant evidence that timely access to health care services results in better health outcomes, reduced health disparities, lower spending, including avoidable emergency room visits and hospital care.
- B. IEHP collects the required appointment access data from Practitioner offices using the Department of Managed Health Care (DMHC) PAAS methodology and tool. IEHP also evaluates the grievances and appeals data quarterly to identify potential issues with access to care, including incidents of non-compliance resulting in substantial harm to Member. Following the completion of the survey, all responses are compiled and entered into a results grid. The compliance rate then can be calculated to be compared with the goal established and the previous year's rate to identify patterns of non-compliance. Results of the quantitative analysis are presented to IEHP's Provider Network Access Subcommittee for review and identification of priorities for interventions. This includes establishing goals and objectives,

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⁴⁹ Department of Health Care Services (DHCS) All Plan Letter (APL) 17-011, Supersedes APL 14-008, "Standards for Determining Threshold Languages and Requirements for Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act"

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opportunities for improvement, completion timeframes, monitoring of corrective action plans (CAPs), and ongoing analysis of the work completed during the measurement year.⁵⁰

C. CAP consists of follow-up call campaigns, Provider education, identifying and tracking any incidents that have resulted in substantial harm, peer review, and implementing corrective actions when necessary to address any patterns of non-compliance. See 26B, "Glossary" for definitions of "patterns of non-compliance," "incidents of non-compliance," and "substantial harm incident."

After-hours Access to Care

A. IEHP monitors after-hours access to PCPs at least annually. One of IEHP's key initiatives is to reduce inappropriate ER utilization. Ensuring that Members have appropriate access to their PCP outside of regular business hours can result in reduced ER rates, which can subsequently result in reduced inpatient admissions. The criteria for appropriate after-hours care are that the physician or designated on-call physician be available to respond to the Member's medical needs beyond normal hours. PCP offices can use a professional exchange service or automated answering system that allows the Member to connect to a live party or the physician by phone. It is also required that any after-hours system or service that a physician uses provide emergency instructions if the Member is experiencing a life-threatening emergency.

Telephone Access to IEHP Staff

A. IEHP monitors access to its Member Services Department on quarterly basis. IEHP has established the following standards and goals to evaluate access to Member services by telephone.

Standards of Care for Telephone Access		
Standards	Goal	
% Of Calls answered by a live voice within 30 seconds	80 %	
Calls Abandoned Before Live Voice is Reached	≤ 5%	

Member and Provider Experience51

Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (CAHPS®)

A. IEHP conducts a comprehensive CAHPS® survey and analysis annually to assess Member experience with the services and care received based on a statistically valid and reliable survey

⁵⁰ Title 28 California Code of Regulations (CCR) § 1300.67.2.2(b)(12)(A), (f)(1)(I), (d)(3), and (h)(6)(c)

⁵¹ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 9, External Quality Review Requirements

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methodology. CAHPS® is a set of standardized surveys that ask health care consumers to report on and evaluate their care experience. The survey focuses on key areas to evaluate:

- Member perspective and concerns regarding experience obtaining timely appointments within the standards;52
- Experience with health care services related to access to care, coordination of care, office customer service, health plan experience, and personal doctor;
- 3. Satisfaction with IEHP Programs;
- Member grievances and appeals; and
- Member Services Department's call services levels.
- B. CAHPS® surveys serve as a means to provide usable information about quality of care received by the Members. IEHP uses this tool as one of its key instruments to identify opportunities for improvement. As part of the annual evaluation, IEHP reviews the CAHPS® results and compared with prior year results to identify relative strengths and weaknesses in performance, determines where improvement is needed, and tracks progress with interventions over time.
- C. Effective with the CAHPS® survey, no later than the 4th Quarter of 2023, IEHP will:53
 - Inform Members of their rights to obtain an appointment within each of the time-elapsed standards including notice of their right to receive interpreter services at the appointment;54
 - 2. Evaluate the experience of limited English proficient (LEP) Members in obtaining interpreter services by obtaining Members' perspectives and concerns regarding coordination of appointments with an interpreter, availability of interpreters who speak the Member's preferred language and the quality of interpreter services received; and
 - Translate the Member Experience Survey into IEHP's threshold languages.

Internal Member Experience Studies

A. BH Member Experience Survey: IEHP surveys Members who are receiving behavioral care services at least annually to evaluate their experience with the services received. The survey focuses on key areas like getting care needed; getting appointments to BH Practitioners; experience with IEHP staff and network of BH Practitioners; and other key areas of the Plan operations. The goal of the experience n study is to identify and implement opportunities to improve Member experience.

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⁵² 28 CCR § 1300.67.2.2(c)

⁵⁴ 28 CCR § 1300.67.2.2(c)(4)

- C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description
- B. Behavioral Health Treatment (BHT) Autism Member experience Survey: IEHP conducts an internal survey for Medi-Cal Members to assess Member Experience with IEHP's Behavioral Health Treatment (BHT) services. The survey focuses on key areas like Access to BHT services; experience with their BHT Provider; experience with IEHP's BH & CM Department and other key areas of the Plan operations. The goal of the experience study is to identify, review and implement opportunities to improve services and Member experience.
- C. Population Health Management (PHM) Population Assessment -Member Experience Survey: Annually, IEHP conducts an internal member experience survey for Medi-Cal Members to assess Member Experience with IEHP's Population Health Management programs. The survey focuses on Member feedback from at least two programs (e.g. disease management or wellness programs). Feedback is specific to the programs being evaluated. Additionally, IEHP analyzes complaints to identify opportunities to improve experience. 55

Provider Experience

A. IEHP monitors performance areas affecting Provider experience annually and submits the results to DHCS and CMS. This study assesses the experience experienced by IEHP's network of PCPs, Special Care Providers (SCPs), and Behavioral Health Providers. Information obtained from these surveys allows plans to measure how well they are meeting their Providers' expectations and needs. This study examines the experience of the Provider network in the following areas: overall experience, all other plans, finance issues, utilization and quality management network, coordination of care, pharmacy, Health Plan Call Center Service Staff, and Provider relations. Based on the data collected, IEHPs reports the findings to the QI Council and QM Committee. The committees review the findings and make recommendations on potential opportunities for improvements.

Grievances and Appeals⁵⁶

- A. IEHP monitors performance areas affecting Member experience. IEHP has established categories and quantifiable standards to evaluate grievances received by Members. All grievances are categorized in a number of different categories including but not limited to the following:
 - 1. Billing/Financial;
 - 2. Quality of Practitioner Office Site;
 - 3. Access;
 - 4. Quality of Care;

⁵⁵ NCQA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, PHM 2, Element B

⁵⁶ NCQA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, ME 7, Element C

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- 5. Attitude and Service;
- 6. Compliance;
- 7. Quality of Service;
- 8. Benefits/Coverage;
- 9. Enrollment/Eligibility;
- 10. Disease Management and Care Management Programs; and
- 11. Cultural and Linguistics.
- B. The organization's goal is to resolve all grievances within thirty (30) days of receipt. IEHP calculates the grievance rate per 1000 Members on a quarterly basis and presents this information to the QI Council and QM Committees. IEHP's goal is to maintain the overall compliance rate below thresholds as established by regulatory agencies such as DHCS, DMHC, and CMS.

Patient Safety

A. IEHP recognizes that patient safety is a key component of delivering quality health care and focuses on promoting best practices that are aimed at improving patient safety. IEHP engages Members and Providers to promote safety practices. IEHP also focuses on reducing the risk of adverse events that can occur while providing medical care in different delivery settings.

Appropriate Medication Utilization

A. IEHP monitors pharmaceutical data to identify patient safety issues on an ongoing basis. Drug Utilization Review (DUR) is a structured, ongoing program that evaluates, analyzes, and interprets drug usage against predetermined standards and undertakes actions to obtain improvements. The DUR process is designed to assist pharmacists in identifying potential drug related problems by assessing patterns of medication usage. The goal of the DUR process is to identify potential drug-to-drug interactions, over-utilization and under-utilization patterns, high/low dosage alerts, duplication of medications, and other critical elements that can affect patient safety. The DUR study data is collected via an administrative data extraction of paid pharmaceutical claims. Actual prescribing patterns of PCPs, Behavioral Health Practitioners, and Specialists are compared to IEHP standards. The results of the quantitative analysis are presented to IEHP's Pharmacy and Therapeutics (P&T) Subcommittee and QM Committee for discussion and action, as necessary.

Review of Inpatient Admissions

A. IEHP considers the quality of care in the hospitals to be a top priority. To ensure Member safety, IEHP assesses, tracks, and reviews the following measures:

- C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description
- 1. Bed Day/Readmission Reporting;
- 2. Length of stay reports;
- 3. Provider Preventable Conditions (PPCs);
- 4. Inappropriate discharges from inpatient settings; and
- 5. Potential Quality Incidents (PQI) referrals related to an inpatient stay.
- B. Monthly reports are produced using relevant utilization data. These reports are reviewed by the UM and QM staff to identify potential quality of care issues. Any significant findings are reviewed by IEHP's Medical Directors and summary reports are provided to the UM Subcommittee and QM Committee. The UM Subcommittee identifies potential quality of care issues and makes recommendations to address them as needed. The committee delegates the implementation of these recommendations to the UM and/or QM Department. The QM Department collaborates with different Departments (e.g. UM, CM, PS, etc.) to implement and monitor the improvement activities.

Potential Quality Incidents (PQI) Review

A. The Quality Management (QM) Department reviews all Potential Quality Incidents (PQI) for all Practitioners and Providers. Areas of review include but are not limited to primary and specialty care, facilities (Hospital, Long Term Care (LTC)), Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF), and Community-Based Adult Services (CBAS)), In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS), Multipurpose Senior Services Program (MSSP) services, Home Health agencies, and transportation Providers. The QM Department is responsible for investigating and reviewing the alleged Potential Quality Incidents. The Medical Director(s) review all cases and may refer to the QM Committee and/or Peer Review Subcommittee for further evaluation and review.

Promoting Safety Practices for Members

A. IEHP offers various safety programs to Members including the Bicycle Safety Program for children between 5 to 14 years old and Members who have a child between 5 to 14 years old. This interactive program assesses children's and parents' knowledge on bicycle safety and offers a free helmet to program participants. IEHP also offers the Child Car Seat Safety Program to keep children safe in a car, providing information on the latest car seat laws, and choosing the right car seat. Additionally, Member education materials that cover different health topics are available to Members including immunizations, flu and cold facts, avoiding allergens, medication reconciliation etc. Additional safety initiatives are developed in collaboration with Health Education and various IEHP departments as safety needs are identified.

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Addressing Cultural, Ethnic, Racial, and Linguistic Needs of Members⁵⁷

- A. IEHP is dedicated to ensuring that all medically covered services are available and accessible to all Members regardless of sex, race, color, national origin, creed, ancestry, ethnic group identification, religion, language, age, gender, gender identity, marital status, sexual orientation, medical condition, genetic information, physical or mental disability, and identification with any other persons or groups and that all covered services are provided in a culturally, ethnically, racially, and linguistically appropriate manner. IEHP strives to reduce health care disparities in clinical areas, improving cultural competency in Member materials and communications, and ensuring network adequacy to meet the needs of underserved groups. Services to address cultural, ethnic, racial, and linguistic services are adjusted based on the annual assessment of Member needs. Further details about cultural, ethnic, racial, and linguistic services provided to Members are seen in the individual reports supporting each of the current IEHP Quality Studies that evaluate our ability to serve a culturally, ethnically, racially, and linguistically diverse Membership:
 - 1. **Provider Language Competency Study:** The purpose of this study is to verify that the PCP, OB/GYN, and vision provider offices that inform IEHP that they have Spanish speaking office staff actually have those services available to Members.
 - 2. Cultural, Ethnic, Racial, and Linguistic Study: The purpose of the study is to identify the cultural, racial, linguistic, and ethnic diversity of IEHP's PCP and Member populations. More specifically, they assess the cultural, ethnic, racial, and linguistic needs of Members in accordance with NCQA standards.
 - 3. **Ongoing monitoring of interpreter service use:** The purpose of this report is to monitor the top languages requested by the Members. IEHP offers face-to-face interpreter services for medical appointments to Members at no cost. The purpose is to provide Members with interpretation services to Members/callers.
 - 4. **Ongoing monitoring of grievances related to language and culture:** Grievances are reported to monitor cultural and linguistic services provided to Members.

Delegation Oversight

A. IEHP monitors Delegate performance in QM, UM, CM, credentialing and re-credentialing, compliance, and their implementation of related regulatory activities through Delegation Oversight activities. See policy 25A2, "Delegation Oversight – Audit."

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⁵⁷ NCQA, 2022 HP Standards and Guidelines, QI 1, Element A, Factor 6

⁵⁸ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 6, Delegation of Quality Improvement Activities

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Auditing and Monitoring Activities

- A. IEHP performs a series of activities to monitor IPAs and other Delegates:
 - 1. An annual Delegation Oversight Audit is conducted using a designated audit tool that is based on the NCQA, DMHC and DHCS standards. Delegation Oversight Audits are performed by IEHP Health Services, Provider Services and Compliance Staff using the most current NCQA, DHCS, CMS and IEHP standards;
 - 2. Joint Operations Meetings (JOM) These meetings are called by IEHP as a means of discussing performance measures and findings as needed. The JOM includes representation from the delegate and IEHP Departments as applicable;
 - 3. Review of grievances and other quality information;
 - 4. Specified audits:
 - a. Focused Approved and Denied Referral Audits;
 - b. Focused Case Management Audits;
 - c. Utilization data review (Denial/Approval Rates, timely Member notification, overturn rate; and
 - d. Provider Satisfaction Surveys.
 - 5. IPAs are required to submit the following information to the IEHP Provider Services Department:
 - a. Utilization Management (UM) Trend Report Monthly report of utilization data;
 - b. Referral Universe and Letters Monthly report of all approvals, denials and modifications of requested services;
 - c. Care Management (CM) Log Monthly report of CM activities;
 - d. Second Opinion Tracking Log Monthly report to track Member requested second opinions;
 - e. Credentialing Activity Periodic report of any changes to the network at the Delegate level (e.g., terminated PCPs, specialists);
 - f. Annual QM and UM Program Descriptions;
 - g. Annual QM/QI and UM Work Plans;
 - h. Semi-annual reports of quality improvement activities;
 - i. Semi-annual reports of credentialing/re-credentialing;
 - j. Quarterly reports of utilization management activities; and

- C. Quality Management and Quality Improvement Program Description
- k. Annual QM and UM Program Evaluations. 59
- 6. IPAs and Health Plans with trends of deficient scoring must submit a CAP to remedy any deficiencies. If an IPA is unable to meet performance requirements, IEHP may implement further remediation action including but not limited to:
 - a. Conduct a focused re-audit;
 - b. Immediately freeze the IPA to new Member enrollment, as applicable;
 - c. Send a 30-day contract termination notice with specific cure requirements;
 - d. Rescind delegated status of IPA or Provider, as applicable;
 - e. Terminate the IEHP contract with the IPA or Provider; or
 - f. Not renew the contract.
- 7. **Assessment and Monitoring:** To ensure that IPA or Providers have the capacity and capability to perform required functions, IEHP has a rigorous pre-contractual and post-contractual assessment and monitoring system. IEHP also provides clinical and Member experience data to Delegates upon request so they can initiate improvement activities.
- 8. **Pre-Delegation Evaluation**: All Providers desiring to contract with IEHP must complete a comprehensive pre-contractual document and on-site review.
- 9. **Reporting**: IEHP's Delegation Oversight Committee (DOC) monitors and evaluates the operational activities of contracted Delegates to ensure adherence to contractual obligations, regulatory requirements and policy performance. Elements of delegation are monitored on monthly, quarterly and annual basis for trending and assessment of ongoing compliance. The reporting includes review of monthly assessment packets, encounter adequacy reports and Provider Services highlights. All oversight audits performed on delegates are reported to the DOC. CAP activities are implemented as deficiencies are identified. Findings and summaries of DOC activities are reported to the Compliance Committee.

INLAND EMPIRE HEALTH PLAN				
Chief Approval: Signature on File	Original Effective Date:	January 1, 2012		
Chief Title: Chief Quality Officer	Revision Date:	January 1, 2023		

⁵⁹ DHCS-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit A, Attachment 4, Provision 8, Quality Improvement Annual Report

IEHP Provider Policy and Procedure Manual Medi-Cal

D. Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Program Description

Introduction

A. IEHP believes that compliance with fraud prevention and reporting is everyone's responsibility. IEHP has developed a Fraud, Waste, and Abuse (FWA) Program to comply with certain requirements set forth in the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005 with regard to Federal and State False Claims laws¹, the Department of Managed Health Care (DMHC)², as well as to meet the expectations of the Federal and State government in preventing and detecting fraud, waste, and abuse in Federal or State funded programs such as Medi-Cal.³ The objective of the IEHP FWA Program is to identify and reduce costs caused by fraudulent activities and to protect consumers, Members, Health Care Providers and others in the delivery of health care services.

Mission, Vision and Values

- A. Mission: We heal and inspire the human spirit.
- B. Vision: We will not rest until our communities enjoy optimal care and vibrant health.
- C. Values: We do the right thing by:
 - 1. Placing our Members at the center of our universe.
 - 2. Unleashing our creativity and courage to improve health & well-being.
 - 3. Bringing focus and accountability to our work.
 - 4. Never wavering in our commitment to our Members, Providers, Partners, and each other.

Fraud, Waste, and Abuse (FWA) Program Scope

- A. Providers, First Tier Entities, Downstream Entities, and Contractors are educated regarding the Federal and State False Claims statutes and the role of such laws in preventing and detecting fraud, waste, and abuse in Federal health care programs.⁴
- B. IEHP has created a Special Investigations Unit (SIU) that reports to the Compliance Officer to oversee its FWA Program and to manage all instances of suspected fraud, waste, and abuse.
- C. All activities of the SIU are confidential to the extent permitted by law.
- D. IEHP reports its fraud prevention activities and suspected fraud, waste, and abuse to regulatory and law enforcement agencies as required by law and contractual obligations.

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¹ Title 31 United States Code (U.S.C) §3729

² Health and Safety Code §1348

³ Title 42 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) §§ 422, 423 and 438.608

⁴ Title 31 United States Code (U.S.C) §3729

D. Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Program Description

- E. Providers, First Tier Entities, Downstream Entities, and Contractors must adhere to Federal and California State laws, including but not limited to False Claims laws.
- F. Providers, First Tier Entities, Downstream Entities, and Contractors with IEHP will comply with Federal and California State laws in regard to the detection, reporting, and investigation of suspected fraud, waste, and abuse.
- G. Providers, First Tier Entities, Downstream Entities, and Contractors with IEHP will participate in investigations as needed.
- H. The IEHP FWA Program is designed to deter, identify, investigate, and resolve potentially fraudulent activities that may occur in IEHP daily operations, both internally and externally.

Definitions

- A. First Tier Entity: Any party that enters a written arrangement with an organization or contract applicant to provide administrative or health care services for an eligible individual.
- B. Downstream Entity: Any party that enters an acceptable written arrangement below the level of the arrangement between an organization (and contract applicant) and a First Tier Entity. These written arrangements continue down to the level of the ultimate provider of health and/or administrative services.
- C. Contractors: Includes all contracted Providers and suppliers, First Tier Entities, Downstream Entities, and any other entities involved in the delivery of payment for or monitoring of benefits.
- D. A complaint of fraud, waste, and/or abuse is a statement, oral or written, alleging that a Practitioner, supplier, or beneficiary received a benefit to which they are not otherwise entitled. Included are allegations of misrepresentations and violations of Medicaid or other health care program requirements applicable to persons applying for covered services, as well as the lack of such covered services.

E. Fraud and Abuse differ in that:

- 1. Abuse applies to practices that are inconsistent with sound fiscal, business, medical or recipient practices and result in unnecessary cost to a health care program, or in reimbursement for services that are not medically necessary or that fail to meet professionally recognized standards for health care. Mistakes that are repeated after discovery or represent an on-going pattern could constitute abuse.
- 2. Fraud is an intentional or knowing misrepresentation made by a person with the intent or knowledge that could result in some unauthorized benefit to him/herself or another person. It includes any portion that constitutes fraud under applicable Federal or State law. Mistakes that are not committed knowingly or that are a result of negligence are not fraud but could constitute abuse.

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D. Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Program Description

F. Waste includes overuse of services, or other practices that, directly or indirectly, results in unnecessary cost. Waste is generally not considered to be caused by criminally negligent actions but rather the misuse of resources (i.e., extravagant, careless, or needless expenditure of healthcare benefits/services).

IEHP Responsibilities

- A. Both IEHP and Providers have responsibilities for fraud prevention.
- B. IEHP's Compliance Officer is responsible for ensuring that the objectives of IEHP's FWA Program are carried out, and for preventing, detecting, and investigating fraud-related issues in a timely manner. To accomplish this, the Compliance Officer designates and oversees the Compliance Department to perform the following responsibilities:
 - 1. Developing fraud, waste, and abuse training programs to educate staff, Providers, Practitioners, Members, First Tier Entities, Downstream Entities, and Contractors on prevention, deterrence and detection of fraud, waste, and abuse.
 - 2. Identifying, detecting, thoroughly investigating, managing, and resolving all suspected instances of fraud, waste, and abuse, both internally and externally.
 - 3. Cooperating with, reporting, and referring suspected fraud, waste, and abuse to the appropriate governmental and law enforcement agencies, as applicable, including exchange of information as appropriate.
- C. IEHP responsibilities include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Training IEHP staff, Providers, Practitioners, First Tier Entities, Downstream Entities, and Contractors on fraud, waste, and abuse; IEHP Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Program, and fraud prevention activities at least annually.
 - 2. Communicating its FWA Program and efforts through the IEHP Provider Policy and Procedure Manual, IEHP Provider Newsletter, Joint Operation Meetings, the IEHP website, targeted mailings or in-service meetings.
 - 3. Continuous monitoring and oversight, both internally and externally, of daily operational activities to detect and/or deter fraudulent behavior. Such activities may include, but are not limited to:
 - a. Monitoring of Member grievances;
 - b. Monitoring of Provider grievances;
 - c. Claims Audits and monitoring activities, including audits of the P4P Program and other direct reimbursement programs to physicians;
 - d. Review of Providers' financial statements;
 - e. Medical Management Audits;
 - f. Utilization Management monitoring activities;

D. Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Program Description

- g. Quality Management monitoring activities;
- h. Case Management Oversight activities;
- i. Pharmacy Audits;
- j. Encounter Data Reporting Edits;
- k. Chart Audits; and
- 1. Clinical Audits.
- 4. Investigating and resolving all reported and/or detected suspected instances of fraud and taking action against confirmed suspected fraud, waste, or abuse, including but not limited to reporting to law enforcement agencies, termination of the IEHP contract (if a Provider, direct contracting Practitioner, First Tier Entities, Downstream Entities, and Contractors), and/or removal of a participating Practitioner from the IEHP network. IEHP reports suspected fraud, waste, or abuse to the following entities, as deemed appropriate and required by law:
 - a. The California Department of Justice (DOJ), Bureau of Medi-Cal Fraud
 - b. The California Department of Health Care Services (DHCS), Investigations Branch
 - c. The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) through the National Benefit Integrity Medicare Drug Integrity Contractor (Qlarant).
 - d. Department of Managed Health Care (DMHC)
 - e. Local law enforcement agencies
- 5. Submitting periodic reports to DHCS, DMHC, or CMS as required by law.
- 6. Encouraging and supporting Provider activities related to fraud prevention and detection.

Providers, First Tier Entities, Downstream Entities, and Contractor's Responsibilities

- A. The Providers, First Tier Entities, Downstream Entities, and Contractor's responsibilities for fraud prevention and detection include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Developing a FWA Program, implementing fraud, waste, and abuse prevention activities and communicating such program and activities to staff, contractors, and subcontractors.
 - 2. Training staff on IEHP's and Provider's Fraud, Waste, and Abuse (FWA) Program and fraud, waste, and abuse prevention activities and false claims laws upon initial employment and at least annually thereafter.
 - 3. Verifying and documenting the presence/absence of office staff and contracted individuals and/or entities by accessing the Office of Inspector General (OIG) List of Excluded Individuals and Entities (LEIE); the General Services Administration Excluded Parties List (GSA); and/or the California Medi-Cal exclusion list, available online, prior to hire or contracting and monthly thereafter.

D. Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Program Description

- 4. Terminating the IEHP Medi-Cal network participation of individuals and/or entities who appear on any of the aforementioned exclusion lists. See Policy 24E, "Compliance Program Description".
- 5. Communicating awareness, including:
 - a. Identification of fraud, waste, and abuse schemes.
 - b. Detection methods and monitoring activities to contracted and subcontracted entities and IEHP.
- 6. Promptly investigating and addressing potential fraud, waste, and abuse issues as they arise.
- 7. Reporting suspected fraud, waste, and abuse issues to IEHP within ten (10) days of becoming aware of or notified of such activity.⁵
- 8. Participating in the investigation process as needed.
- 9. Taking action against suspected or confirmed fraud, waste, and abuse.
- 10. Policing and/or monitoring own activities and operations to detect, deter, and correct fraudulent behavior.
- 11. Cooperating with IEHP in fraud, waste, and abuse detection and awareness activities, including monitoring, reporting, etc., as well as cooperating with IEHP in fraud, waste, or abuse investigations to the extent permitted by law.
- 12. Returning identified overpayments of State and/or Federal claims within federal timelines.

Reporting Concerns Regarding Fraud, Waste Abuse, and False Claims

- A. IEHP takes issues regarding false claims and fraud, waste, and abuse seriously. IEHP Providers, and the contractors or agents of IEHP's Providers are to be aware of the laws regarding fraud, waste, and abuse and false claims and to identify and resolve any issues immediately. Affiliated Providers' employees, managers, and contractors are to report concerns to their immediate supervisor when appropriate.
- B. IEHP provides the following ways in which to report alleged and/or suspected fraud, waste, and/or abuse directly to the plan:

1. By Mail to: IEHP Compliance Officer Inland Empire Health Plan P.O. Box 1800

Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91729-1800

IEHP Provider Policy and Procedure Manual Medi-Cal

⁵ Department of Health Care Services (DHCS)-IEHP Two-Plan Contract, 1/10/20 (Final Rule A27), Exhibit E, Attachment 2. Section 26, Fraud and Abuse Reporting.

D. Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Program Description

2. By E-mail to: compliance@iehp.org

3. By toll free number: (866) 355-9038 (Compliance Hotline)

4. By fax to: (909) 477-8536

5. By Webform: <u>IEHP.org</u> Provider Resources – Compliance Tab

- C. The following information is needed for IEHP to investigate suspected fraud, waste, and/or abuse:
 - 1. Your name, title and organization name, unless you choose to report anonymously. If you choose to give your name, please provide a contact number and a date and time for a return call at a time and place confidential for you.
 - 2. The name(s) of the party/parties/departments involved in the suspected fraud.
 - 3. The name(s) and/or Member identification number(s) of potentially impacted beneficiaries.
 - 4. Where the suspected fraud may have occurred.
 - 5. Details on the suspected activity.
 - 6. When the suspected fraud took place, for example over what period of time.
 - 7. A description of any documentation in your possession that may support the allegation of fraud, waste, and/or abuse.
- D. Information reported to the IEHP Compliance Department or SIU will remain confidential to the extent allowable by law.
- E. IEHP expressly prohibits retaliation against those who, in good faith, report potential fraud, waste, and abuse. Information about whistleblower protections and the False Claims Act is included in the annual Compliance Training Program available to Providers, First Tier Entities, Downstream Entities, and Contractors.

INLAND EMPIRE HEALTH PLAN			
Chief Approval: Signature on file	Original Effective Date:	September 1, 1999	
Chief Title: Chief Executive Officer	Revision Date:	January 1, 2023	

E. Compliance Program Description

Introduction

A. IEHP is committed to conducting its business in an honest and ethical manner and in compliance with the law. IEHP has established and implemented a Compliance Program to promote our culture of ethical conduct and compliance. The Compliance Program Description sets forth the principles, policies, and procedures for how IEHP Team Members, Governing Board Members, as well as subcontracted entities (First Tier, Downstream, and Related Entities (FDRs)) are required to conduct business and themselves. IEHP's Compliance Program is built upon and implemented in accordance with applicable Federal and State laws, regulations and guidelines, including those set forth by the Federal Sentencing Guidelines (FSG) and Office of Inspector General (OIG) Seven Elements of an Effective Compliance Program. This Compliance Program Description sets forth the requirements in which IEHP expects the Delegated entities to develop their Compliance Programs.

Mission, Vision and Values

- A. Mission: We heal and inspire the human spirit.
- B. Vision: We will not rest until our communities enjoy optimal care and vibrant health.
- C. Values: We do the right thing by:
 - 1. Placing our Members at the center of our universe.
 - 2. Unleashing our creativity and courage to improve health & well-being.
 - 3. Bringing focus and accountability to our work.
 - 4. Never wavering in our commitment to our Members, Providers, Partners, and each other.

Compliance Program Scope

- A. Delegated entities must implement a Compliance Program to provide a systematic process dedicated to ensuring that management, employees, business associates, FDRs, and other associated individuals/entities comply with applicable health care laws, Federal and State requirements, and all applicable regulations and standards.^{1,2,3,4,5}
- B. The Compliance Program must include:
 - 1. Standards of conduct, policies and procedures to support and sustain Compliance Program objectives.

¹ Medicare Managed Care Manual, Chapter 21 Compliance Program Guidelines

² Prescription Drug Benefit Manual, Chapter 9 Compliance Program Guidelines

³ General Provisions 42 CFR § 422.503 (b)(4)

⁴ Program integrity requirements under the contract 42 CFR § 438.608

⁵ Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Policy CMS 4182 Final Rule

E. Compliance Program Description

- 2. Be overseen by the Board of Directors and senior management levels.
- 3. Process to report compliance activities and outcomes to the Board of Directors/Governing Board ("Board"), senior management, IEHP employees and applicable regulatory agencies.
- 4. Screening of employees, Board Members, business associates, FDRs, and other affiliated individuals/entities for the presence/absence of program-related adverse actions and/or sanctions.
- 5. Education and training: General training on health care regulatory requirements; specific training on job functions; and training to business associates, downstream entities/subcontractors, and other external affiliates.
- 6. Ongoing auditing and monitoring of the organization's compliance performance, including preventive practices identifying potential compliance issues.
- 7. Enforcement measures, including implementation of corrective action plans (CAP), enacted when issues of non-compliance are identified.
- 8. Preventive practices to identify potential compliance issues and to implement actions that lower or mitigate risk.
- 9. Evaluation to determine the effectiveness of the compliance program.
- C. Delegated entities must implement an effective compliance program that meets regulatory guidelines.

Written Policies, Procedures, and Standards of Conduct

- A. Code of Conduct All Delegated entities are required to implement a Code of Conduct that demonstrates their commitment to compliance and articulates the core values and principles that guide the organization's business practices and ensures that Compliance with all federal and state and laws is the responsibility of all employees. The Code should be communicated to Employees (Temporary and Permanent), Providers, Contractors, Board Members, and Volunteers.
 - 1. The Code can be communicated by various methods, including:
 - a. Provided to new Employees in the Employee Handbook upon initial employment.
 - b. Discussed during Compliance New Hire and Annual Training.
 - 2. Employees are required to acknowledge their understanding of the Code of Conduct and their commitment to comply with its intent within ninety (90) days of initial employment and annually thereafter.
 - 3. Delegated entities should also provide a Code of Conduct to their business associates that address their obligations toward conducting business at the highest level of moral, ethical and legal standards.

E. Compliance Program Description

- a. The Code of Conduct should include reporting requirements for any issue of non-compliance.
- B. Policies and Procedures All Delegated entities should develop Policies and Procedures that:
 - 1. Address commitment to complying with all Federal and State standards;
 - 2. Provide direction on dealing with suspected, detected or reported compliance issues;
 - 3. Provide guidance on reporting compliance issues;
 - 4. Include a policy of non-intimidation and non-retaliation for good faith efforts to reporting potential non-compliance issues; and
 - 5. Are reviewed on an annual basis, or more often to incorporate changes in applicable laws, regulations, or other program requirements.

Compliance Officer, Compliance Committee, and High-Level Oversight

A. Compliance Officer

- 1. The Compliance Officer is an employee of the Delegated entity or the Management Services Organization (MSO) acting on behalf of the Delegated entity and should report directly to the highest level of the organization. The responsibilities may include, but are not limited to:
 - a. Advising the organization and downstream entities/subcontractors on policy requirements and the development, distribution and implementation of policies.
 - b. Ensuring that policies accurately and effectively communicate compliance and regulatory requirements.
 - c. Periodically reviewing policies and initiating needed updates.
 - d. Notifying Senior Management and IEHP of non-compliance issues.
 - e. Preparing an update on a periodic basis of the Compliance Program for presentation to the Governing Board, which includes at a minimum:
 - 1) Policy updates.
 - 2) Issues of Non-Compliance.
 - 3) Fraud, Waste, and Abuse detection, monitoring, and reporting.
 - 4) Auditing and Monitoring Program Updates.

B. Executive Compliance Committee (ECC)

1. The Executive Compliance Committee, is accountable to senior management and the Governing Board, is a multidisciplinary body that must meet periodically (on a quarterly basis). The Compliance Officer chairs the meeting. The Committee Membership must be comprised of individuals with a variety of backgrounds and reflect the size and scope of

E. Compliance Program Description

the delegate. Members of the Compliance Committee should have decision-making authority in their respective areas of expertise.^{6,7}

- 2. Duties of the Committee should include:
 - a. Meeting periodically, however, frequently enough to enable reasonable oversight of the compliance program;
 - b. Review the results of the annual risk assessment;
 - c. Review corrective action plans and monitor their development;
 - d. Review the outcome of compliance activities;
 - e. Reviewing and addressing reports of monitoring and auditing of areas in which the delegate is at risk for program noncompliance or potential FWA and ensuring that corrective action plans are implemented and monitored for effectiveness; and
 - f. Provide regular reports on the outcome of the Committee's activities to the delegate's Governing Board.
 - g. Review of the Compliance KPI Dashboard report.
- C. High Level Oversight The Delegated entity's Governing Body should be responsible for:
 - 1. The annual review and approval of the Compliance, Fraud, Waste, and Abuse, and HIPAA Programs;
 - 2. Adoption of written standards including the Delegated entity's Code of Conduct;
 - 3. Monitoring and support of the compliance program; and
 - 4. Understanding regulatory and/or contract changes, policy changes and health reform and the impact on the Delegated entity's Compliance Program.

Effective Training and Education

- A. IEHP requires FDRs to provide Compliance Training to all Employees (Temporary and Permanent), Providers, Governing Body, contractors, vendors, and volunteers.
 - 1. Compliance Training must be provided within ninety (90) days of initial employment/start, whenever significant changes are made to the Compliance Program, upon changes in regulatory or contractual requirements related to specific job responsibilities or when legislative updates occur and on an annual basis.

Training should include, at a minimum:

a. Reinforcement of the organization's commitment to compliance.

⁶ General Provisions 42 C.F.R. § 422.503(b)(4)(vi)(B)

⁷ General Provisions 42 C.F.R. §423.504(b)(4)(vi)(B)

E. Compliance Program Description

- b. Privacy/confidentiality issues, as well as regulatory updates and recent health care compliance related adverse actions such as penalties and settlements.
- c. Fraud, waste, and abuse issues as well as regulatory updates and recent health care compliance related adverse actions such as penalties and settlements.
- d. HIPAA Privacy and Security and the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health (HITECH) Act regulations.
- e. Laws that may directly impact job related functions such as anti-kickback laws, privacy breaches, the False Claims Act, and the consequences of non-compliance.
- f. Changes in compliance and regulatory requirements and updates on the consequences of non-compliance with these requirements.
- g. Responsibilities to report concerns, misconduct, or activities related to non-compliance.
- 2. Delegated entities may use a written test or develop other mechanisms to assess effectiveness of the training.
- 3. FDRs who have met the Fraud, Waste, and Abuse (FWA) certification requirements through enrollment into the Medicare program or accreditation as a Durable Medical Equipment, Prosthetics, Orthotics, and supplies (DMEPOS), are deemed to have met the training and educational requirements for FWA, but must provide an attestation to IEHP of deemed status. FDRs may also meet their FWA training requirements in the following way:
 - a. Option 1, FDRs can adopt IEHP's General Compliance, FWA, HIPAA Privacy Security training.
 - b. Option 2, Incorporation of the content of the CMS standardized training modules related to General Compliance, FWA, HIPAA Privacy Security into the organization's existing compliance training materials/systems.
 - c. Option 3, FDRs may also utilize the Industry Collaboration Effort (ICE) Fraud, Waste, and Abuse (FWA) training as an acceptable mode of completing FWA requirement.
- 4. Documentation of education/training activities must be retained for a period of ten (10) years. Documentation may include sign-in forms, signed attestations, and the completion of testing results.

Effective Lines of Communication

A. IEHP requires all FDRs, vendors, and other business associates to report compliance concerns and suspected or actual misconduct regarding delegated functions, IEHP Members, and Providers. This requirement is communicated through:

E. Compliance Program Description

- 1. Provider Manuals, newsletters, and bulletins. Providers and Delegated entities are required to submit signed acknowledgement of their receipt of the Provider Manual which delineates compliance reporting responsibilities;
- 2. Annual Compliance training for all FDRs; and
- 3. The IEHP Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (See Attachment, "IEHP Code of Business Conduct and Ethics" in Section 23).
- B. IEHP has the following mechanisms available for reporting Compliance issues:
 - 1. Compliance Hotline (866) 355-9038, 24/7 Compliance Hotline with supported language translation capability for confidential reporting are available to Team Members, Members, Providers, Business Associates, First Tier and Downstream entities, and any individual/entity with a compliance concern;
 - 2. E-mail compliance@iehp.org;
 - 3. Secure fax (909) 477-8536; or
 - 4. Mail Compliance Officer, PO Box 1800, Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91729.
- C. IEHP has a non-intimidation, non-retaliation policy for good faith reporting of compliance concerns and participation in the compliance program, including any investigation that may occur.
- D. Delegated entities are expected to develop similar mode of referring compliance issues, including reporting non-compliance issues to IEHP.

Well Publicized Disciplinary Standards

- A. Delegated entities must develop and implement disciplinary policies that reflect the organization's expectations for reporting compliance issues including non-compliant, unethical, or illegal behavior.
- B. Policies should provide for timely, consistent, and effective enforcement of established standards when non-compliance issues are identified.
- C. Disciplinary standards should be appropriate to the seriousness of the violation.

Effective System for Routine Monitoring, Auditing, and Identification of Compliance Risks

- A. Delegated entities must develop a monitoring and auditing component of the Compliance Program to test and confirm compliance across functional areas with contractual, legal, and regulatory requirements to ensure compliance of their delegated function. The monitoring and auditing processes must be documented to show subject, method, and frequency.
- B. Definitions:
 - 1. Audit a formal review of compliance with a set of standards (e.g., policies and procedures, laws and regulations) used as base measures.

E. Compliance Program Description

- 2. Monitoring regular reviews performed as part of normal operations to confirm ongoing compliance and to ensure that corrective actions are undertaken and effective.
- 3. Risk assessments broad based audits used to identify opportunities for improvement.
- C. IEHP utilizes both internal and external resources to conduct the audit program. It is IEHP's expectation that the individual or Delegated entity's responsible for the audit content cooperate with the audit process by providing access to documents and other information requested.
 - 1. Methods of review include, but are not limited to:
 - a. Provider/Contractor initial contract and annual Delegation Oversight Audits;
 - b. Quarterly Reporting;
 - c. External reviews of medical and financial records that support claims for reimbursement and Medicare cost reports; and
 - d. Trend analysis and studies that identify deviations in specific areas over a given period.
- D. Delegated entities must implement a screening program for employees, Board Members, contractors, and business partners to avoid relationships with individuals and/or entities that tend toward inappropriate conduct. This program includes:
 - 1. Prior to hiring or contracting and monthly thereafter, review of the Office of Inspector General's (OIG) List of Excluded Individuals and Entities (LEIE) that are excluded from participation in government health care programs.^{8,9}
 - 2. Prior to hiring or contracting and monthly thereafter a monthly review of the GSA System for Award Management (SAM).
 - 3. A monthly review of the Department of Health Care Services Medi-Cal Suspended and Ineligible list and Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Preclusion List.
 - 4. Criminal record checks when appropriate or as required by law.
 - 5. Standard reference checks, including credit for Employees.
 - 6. Review of the National Practitioner Databank (NPDB).
 - 7. Review of professional license status for sanctions and/or adverse actions.
 - 8. Reporting results to Compliance Committee, Governing Body, and IEHP as necessary.

Procedures and System for Prompt Response to Compliance Issues

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⁸ (OIG) List of Excluded Individuals and Entities (LEIE)

⁹ Scope and Effect of Exclusion 42 CFR § 1001.1901

E. Compliance Program Description

- A. Adverse findings routinely require corrective action plans, designed to identify the root cause of compliance failures; to implement actions directed at improving performance and/or eliminating risk; and, to ensure that desired results are being sustained. Follow-up auditing and/or monitoring is conducted to assess the effectiveness of these processes.
- B. Delegated entities must develop and implement a system for reporting and prompt response to non-compliance and detected offenses.
 - 1. When potential and/or actual non-compliance is reported or suspected, the following steps should be taken:
 - a. The activity causing the non-compliance should be promptly halted and/or mitigated to the extent possible to prevent harm to individuals, entities and/or IEHP.
 - b. Investigations should be promptly initiated in accordance with the Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Plan; the HIPAA Plan, the Compliance Plan, and/or in consultation with the IEHP Special Investigations Unit (SIU) or the Compliance Officer who has the authority to open and close investigations.
 - c. The implementation of Corrective Action Plans (CAP) should be based on the policy guidance that address the issue of non-compliance, as appropriate. These may include, but are not limited to:
 - 1) Initiation of corrective action plans and/or agreements.
 - 2) Repayment of identified over-payments.
 - 3) Initiation of Task Forces to address process and/or system deficiencies that may have caused or contributed to the non-compliance.
 - 4) Additional education and training.
 - 5) Modification of policies and procedures.
 - 6) Discipline or termination of Employees or contracts.
 - d. Preventive measures should be implemented to avoid similar non-compliance in the future, including monitoring of corrective action plans.
 - 1) Investigations may consist of an informal inquiry or involve formal steps such as interviews and document collection, depending on the circumstances involved.
 - 2) Investigations should be conducted in consultation with the Compliance Officer who has the final authority to determine this process.
 - 3) External investigations should be performed by the Special Investigation Unit (SIU) Team or related unit. Referrals to legal counsel and/or other external experts should be utilized as deemed appropriate by the Compliance Officer.
 - 4) The timeliness and progress of the investigation should be documented by the SIU Team or related unit.

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- 5) Documents and evidence obtained during investigations should be retained for a period of no less than ten (10) years.
- e. Reporting of these activities and their results should be provided to:
 - 1) The Compliance Officer;
 - 2) The Compliance Committee;
 - 3) Chief Executive Officer;
 - 4) The Governing Body, if the Compliance Officer in consultation with the Chief Executive Officer deems there is a significant non-compliance finding;
 - 5) Governmental authorities, as determined by the Compliance Officer, if there is an obligation to report misconduct that violates criminal, civil or administrative law within a reasonable time of discovery;
 - 6) Responses to government inquiries and investigations should be coordinated by the Compliance Officer; and
 - 7) IEHP Compliance Department.
- A. Assessment of Compliance Effectiveness On an annual basis, Delegated entities must conduct a review of the Compliance Program to ensure the Program is effective in meeting applicable State and Federal regulations, and preventing Fraud, Waste, and Abuse (FWA). The assessment should include, but is not limited to:
 - 1. Written Policies and Procedures and Standards of Conduct;
 - 2. Designation of a Compliance Officer and High-Level Oversight;
 - 3. Effective Lines of Communication;
 - 4. Well Publicized Disciplinary Standards;
 - 5. Ongoing Education and Training;
 - 6. Effective System for Routing Auditing, Monitoring, and Identification of Compliance Risks; and
 - 7. Reporting and Prompt Response for Non-Compliance, Potential FWA, and Detected Offenses.

INLAND EMPIRE HEALTH PLAN			
Chief Approval: Signature on file	Original Effective Date:	July 1, 2015	
Chief Title: Chief Executive Officer	Revision Date:	January 1, 2023	

F. Enhanced Care Management Description

Introduction

The Department of Health Care Services (DHCS) has developed a framework that encompasses broad-based delivery system, program and payment reform across the Medi-Cal program, called CalAIM: California Advancing and Innovating Medi-Cal. CalAIM advances several key priorities of the Administration by leveraging Medi-Cal as a tool to help address many of the complex challenges facing California's most vulnerable residents, such as homelessness, behavioral health care access, children with complex medical conditions, the growing number of justice-involved populations who have significant clinical needs, and the growing aging population. One foundational component of CalAIM is Enhanced Care Management (ECM).¹

Enhanced Care Management provides a whole-person approach to care that addresses the clinical and non-clinical circumstances of high-need Medi-Cal beneficiaries. ECM is a collaborative and interdisciplinary approach to providing intensive and comprehensive care management services to individuals. It serves to build on the Health Homes Program (HHP) and Whole Person Care (WPC) pilots and transitions those pilots to one larger benefit to provide a broader platform to build on positive outcomes from each program.

The Inland Empire Health Plan's (IEHP) ECM is a clinical service delivery model that focuses on providing individualized, whole-person care by a trained, integrated care team that works in close connection with the Member's health care team including the Primary Care Provider (PCP) as well as community-based service Providers. This integrated care team provides an intensive set of care management services for a subset of Medi-Cal Members. The ECM Provider focuses on whole-person, complex care management, which includes changing behaviors and patterns of health care among both Providers and Members with the goal of reducing avoidable, high-cost interventions and increasing the use of appropriate, timely interventions, along with improved self-care management. IEHP's ECM service delivery model encompasses a person-centered, high-touch, comprehensive approach to addressing the Member's goals for improvement and management of behavioral and physical health, acute care, and social needs.

Section 1: Transition of Whole Person Care and Health Homes Program to ECM

This applies to all IEHP Members, who are eligible for the Enhanced Care Management (ECM) benefit and services, including those who were enrolled in either the IEHP Health Homes Program (HHP) or Whole Person Care (WPC) pilots.

Population of focus populations for ECM (January 2022) include:

- 1. Adults who are high utilizers;
- 2. Individuals who are homeless as defined by Housing and Urban Development (HUD);

¹ Department of Health Care Services (DHCS), California Advancing & Innovating Medi-Cal (CalAIM) Proposal, January 2021

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- 3. Adults with serious mental illness (SMI) and substance use disorder (SUD); and
- 4. Individuals transitioning from incarceration (Riverside County only for January 2022, San Bernardino County to be determined by DHCS).

IEHP is responsible for the development, implementation, and distribution of requirements for ECM services and related activities to ECM Providers. IEHP provides this policy as guidance for its ECM Providers who must develop and implement processes that comply with these requirements. IEHP monitors the performance of its ECM Providers to ensure compliance with ECM requirements throughout the network.

IEHP ensures continuity from the HHP or WPC through automatic authorization of all currently enrolled HHP and WPC Members into ECM.

IEHP's ECM focuses on providing comprehensive, individualized, in-person whole-person care by a trained ECM Care Team which works in collaboration with the Member's Primary Care Provider (PCP) and serves as the central point for coordinating care and ensuring communication amongst all relevant parties engaged in the delivery of each Member's ECM services.

Through systematic coordination, the ECM Care Team arranges for and coordinates the services and interventions that address the medical, behavioral health, social, functional, cultural, and environmental factors affecting health through providing the following required ECM core services.

- 1. Outreach and Engagement
- 2. Comprehensive Assessment and Care Management Plan
- 3. Enhanced Care Coordination
- 4. Health Promotion
- 5. Comprehensive Transitional Care
- 6. Member and Family Support
- 7. Coordination of and Referral to Community and Social Support Services

ECM Providers utilizes a team-based care approach to deliver the seven ECM core services. Each ECM Provider may employ one or more ECM Care Teams. An ECM Care Team is a multi-disciplinary, integrated team comprised of four primary roles: registered nurse care manager (RN CM), behavioral health care manager (BH CM), care coordinator (CC), and community health worker (CHW).

1.1. Transition of HHP and WPC to ECM

All Members currently enrolled in the HHP and WPC transitioned to ECM services as of January 1, 2022.

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Members Transitioning from the HHP

a. The HHP Care Teams, both provider-embedded Model 1 and health plan regionally based Model 2 Care Teams, transitioned to ECM Care Teams. (16.vi) Members who transitioned from HHP received ECM services from the same Care Team as the Care Team was repurposed as an ECM Provider. (16.iii) Within the first 6 months of ECM go-live, the ECM Care Teams reassessed each enrolled member for ECM population of focus eligibility and appropriateness of level of care. Should a lower level of care be needed, a warm handoff was provided to an appropriate alternate program per Member history and preference. (16.ii) (16.iii)

2. Members transitioning from WPC

- a. In both Riverside and San Bernardino counties the WPC Lead Entity is also an HHP Community Based Care Management Entity (CB-CME). All HHP CB-CMEs were converted to ECM Providers, and WPC Members seamlessly continued care with their newly designated ECM Provider. IEHP worked with DHCS and WPC Lead Entities to ensure WPC Members were seamlessly transitioned into the appropriate populations of focus for ECM. This includes partnering directly with Riverside and San Bernardino Counties, who serve as WPC Lead Entities, to receive their WPC Member Transition List to expedite and ensure the transition of WPC enrollees.(18.i) Within the first 6 months of ECM go-live, the ECM Care Teams reassessed each enrolled member for ECM population of focus eligibility and appropriateness of level of care. Should a lower level of care be needed, a warm handoff will be provided to an appropriate alternate program per Member history and preference. (18.iii)
- 3. Ninety days prior to ECM go live, IEHP distributed a written notice by mail in the Member's preferred language to currently enrolled HHP and WPC Members that explained the transition of the HHP and WPC into the ECM benefit, services available and the ability to opt out. (16.i) (18.v)
- 4. IEHP provided training to all frontline CB-CMEs and WPC care team members regarding the transition to ECM. After the distribution of the written notice and prior to ECM go live, CB-CMEs and WPC Care Teams contacted all enrolled HHP or WPC Members to provide education on the transition to ECM and discuss the new ECM benefit. (16.i) (18.v)
- 5. Effective January 1, 2022 ECM Care Teams contacted grandfathered HHP and WPC Members to initiate the reassessment process. (16.ii) (18.ii)
 - a. For HHP and WPC enrolled Members grandfathering into ECM, IEHP ensured the completion of a reassessment within 6 months of transition to ECM by the ECM Care Team. Through the reassessment process ECM Care Teams confirmed population of focus eligibility, appropriate level of service, and appropriate ECM Provider assignment. (16.ii) (18.ii)

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- b. ECM Care Team members began the reassessment process at the next routine care management contact. (16.ii) (18.ii)
- c. Reassessment includes confirming ECM eligibility and identifies the populations of focus for which the Member is eligible. (18.iii) Additionally, the ECM Care Team completed the ECM Comprehensive Health Assessment (CHA) as well as other identified physical and behavioral health assessments to determine the level of service needed. The CHA is a standardized tool that is used to assess medical, behavioral, oral, functional, and social needs of eligible and transitioning Members. (16.ii) (18.ii) (18.iv)
- d. If reassessment verifies ECM eligibility and the Member's need for ECM level of care, the ECM Care Team reviewed and updated the Shared Care Plan (SCP) and continued ECM services. (16.ii) (18.ii)
- e. An annual reassessment 0is be repeated yearly from that date and with any transition in care or other major event. (16.ii) (18.ii)
- f. Reassessment determines that discontinuation of services is appropriate as demonstrated by:
 - 1) The Member has met all care plan goals;
 - 2) The Member is ready to transition to a lower level of care;
 - 3) The Member no longer wishes to receive ECM or is unresponsive or unwilling to engage; and/or
 - 4) The ECM Provider has not been able to connect with the Member after multiple attempts.
- g. If reassessment determines that discontinuation of services is appropriate based on the above criteria, the ECM Care Team discussed alternate services with the Member, conducted a warm-handoff if possible, and followed the procedure for discontinuation of ECM services. (16.ii) (18.ii) (18.iv)
- 6. ECM Provider Assignment for Transitioning Members (16.iii) (16.v)

To avoid adverse impacts to Members transitioning from HHP to ECM, the HHP Care Teams, both Models 1 and 2, transitioned to become ECM Care Teams. (16.vi.) Members transitioning from HHP received ECM services from the same Care Teams as the Care Team was repurposed as an ECM Provider. (16.iv) (18.vi) If a Member requested a different ECM Care Team, or a different ECM Care Team was identified as being a better fit for the Member's needs, the current ECM Care Team helped to facilitate a warm handoff to mitigate and minimize any adverse impact to the Member by: (16.iii.) (16.v) (18.vii)

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- a. Confirming Member preferences and priorities are considered and there is mutual agreement between the Member and ECM Care Team for the transition to a new ECM Care Team. (16.iii) (16.iv) (16.v) (18.vi) (18.vii)
- b. Scheduling a clinical case review with the receiving ECM Care Team to provide relevant clinical and social history. (16.iii) (16.iv) (16.v) (18.vii) (18.vii)
- c. Reviewing the Member's past clinical history, assessments, and care plan to ensure the receiving ECM Care Team has the skills and qualifications to support the Member's medical, behavioral, and social needs. (16.iii) (16.iv) (16.vi) (18.vii)
- d. Following the case review, the new ECM Care Tea coordinated a meeting with the Member to reinforce the purpose of the transfer and to introduce the new ECM Care Team. (16.iii) (16.iv.)

Section 2: Identify Members for ECM (20)

2.1. ECM Member Identification

IEHP follows its ECM Population Identification technical specifications and procedures as referenced in Appendix B to identify SMI/SUD, High Utilizers, and Homeless Members. IEHP uses enrollment, encounter, utilization and claims, pharmacy, SMI/SUD, and SDOH data, in addition to any relevant clinical information on physical and/or behavioral health, to identify Membership for these Populations of Focus. Any variations on how this data and information is used to identify these populations are outlined in the ECM Population Identification technical specifications. All data used to identify the Populations of Focus is refreshed monthly.

Members transitioning from incarceration are identified in partnership with Riverside University Health System (RUHS) and the county probation and parole offices. Currently, individuals are released without Medi-Cal by state policy, because Medi-Cal is cancelled upon incarceration. Managed Care Plans in Riverside County are not alerted to inmate release. IEHP works with RUHS and local probation and parole offices to continue the current process of screening newly released individuals and to refer those individuals to Department of Public Social Services (DPSS) for Medi-Cal as needed. Further, IEHP works with the same teams to develop standard protocols to identify individuals who have been recently released, are on probation, and who are likely to be eligible for both Medi-Cal and ECM. As released individuals are transitioned to active Medi-Cal status through Department of Public Social Services (DPSS), IEHP cross-references the list of newly activated IEHP Medi-Cal recipients against the list of newly released individuals and prioritizes these new Members for outreach and engagement into ECM.

IEHP continues to work with the State to approve legislation to suspend (instead of terminating) Medi-Cal upon incarceration to facilitate rapid Med-Cal reactivation upon release if a Member is incarcerated for less than 12 months. IEHP is also advocating for pre-release Medi-Cal screening for individuals who do not have coverage.

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2.2. Accepting and Acting on Referrals from ECM Providers (21)

IEHP accepts and act on referrals from ECM Providers, other Providers, and/or external sources serving Members, including county behavioral health plans.

- For ECM Providers, IEHP built off the referral process used by HHP CB-CMEs to refer Members to IEHP for the Health Homes Program. This referral process enables ECM Providers to refer Members to IEHP for ECM through IEHP's ECM care management platform.
 - a. Upon receipt of the referral, IEHP reviews the ECM Provider's assessment of the Member's ECM eligibility, utilizes health plan data to supplement the ECM eligibility assessment, and determines the Member's eligibility for ECM.
 - b. The status of the request is communicated back to the ECM Provider via the ECM care management platform as either eligible for ECM or excluded from ECM with the reason for exclusion.
 - c. ECM Providers receive web-based training and written instruction on how to submit referrals for ECM via the ECM care management platform.
- 2. Other Providers and/or external entities refer Members to IEHP for ECM by contacting IEHP Provider Services or Member Services. Provider Services and Member Services connect referring entities to IEHP ECM Care Extenders. ECM Care Extenders are employed by IEHP to facilitate warm hand-offs to ECM Providers.
 - a. When the ECM Care Extenders receive a referral, they first determine the Member's assigned ECM Provider and then connect the Member to the ECM Provider for determination of ECM eligibility.
 - b. The outcome of the ECM Provider's ECM eligibility determination is communicated directly to the Member by the ECM Care Team and the status of the request is communicated to IEHP through the ECM care management platform.
 - c. IEHP communicates the status and outcome of the request to the referring provider via the IEHP Provider Portal.
 - d. IEHP provides written notification and instruction to their Provider network and other external entities about eligibility criteria for ECM and how to submit a referral for ECM via IEHP Provider Services or Member Services. This communication occurs with IEHP Providers through mechanisms including but not limited to Provider Blast Fax and via the IEHP Provider Portal. IEHP also hosts webinars and Town Hall forums for the IEHP Provider network and other external entities to provide information on how to access or refer Members for ECM services.

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2.3. Informing Members, Family Members, Caregivers, and Authorized Support Person about ECM (22)

- 1. IEHP informed Members, their family member(s), guardian, caregiver, and/or authorized support person(s) about ECM by distributing the ECM errata via mail, no less than thirty (30) days prior to January 1, 2022, to all IEHP Medi-Cal beneficiaries that announced the new ECM benefit and described how to request ECM through IEHP Member Services.
 - a. This information is also posted on the IEHP Member portal.
- 2. A Member or their family members, caregivers, and authorized support person(s) may request ECM by calling IEHP Member Services.
 - a. IEHP Member Services informs the Member about the ECM benefit.
 - b. If the Member expresses interest in ECM, IEHP Member Services transfers the Member to the IEHP ECM Care Extenders. The Care Extenders provide centralized support for ECM referral management and warm hand-offs to ECM Providers.
 - 1) When an IEHP ECM Care Extender receives a Member's request for ECM they explain ECM to the Member, complete a prescreen for ECM eligibility, and if the Member is enrolled with IEHP Medi-Cal, the ECM Care Extender connects the Member with their assigned ECM Provider for a comprehensive eligibility assessment.
 - c. The results of the ECM Provider's comprehensive eligibility assessment is communicated to the Member by the ECM Provider and IEHP sends an approval or denial letter that reflects the final determination for ECM.

Section 3: Authorizing Members for ECM

3.1. Authorization Timeframes

- 1. For Provider or Member ECM Requests:
 - a. IEHP approves or denies a Provider or Member's request for ECM services no longer than five (5) business days from IEHP's receipt of information reasonably necessary to make a decision. (23.i)
 - b. Written notification to the Provider is made within twenty-four (24) hours of the decision to approve or deny. Member notification is sent via the US Postal Service within two (2) business days from the decision to approve or deny. (23.ii)
 - c. For continued ECM service requests, IEHP staff begin concurrent review six (6) weeks prior to the end of the ECM service authorization period. For Members that have either met goals or no longer meet criteria for ECM services the authorization will end. For Members/Providers who continue to request ECM services even when criteria is no longer being met, IEHP issues the Notice of Action letter (NOA). For

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- Members that continue to meet criteria for ECM the processes outlined in the initial determination for decision and notification will apply. (23.iii)
- d. ECM authorizations are valid for twelve (12) months or until the Member no longer meets criteria for ECM services in which case ECM services will be terminated. (23.iv)
- 2. For Members Identified via Analytics as Potentially Benefiting from ECM Services:
 - a. ECM Provider assesses Members identified via IEHP analytics for ECM eligibility. The result of the ECM eligibility assessment is submitted to IEHP through IEHP's care management platform, and if the Member is ECM eligible, IEHP approves a request for ECM services within five (5) business days. (23.i)
 - b. Written notification to the Provider is made within twenty-four (24) hours of the decision to approve or deny. Member notification is sent via the US Postal Service within two (2) business days from the decision to approve or deny. (23.ii)
 - c. For continued ECM service requests, IEHP staff begin concurrent review six (6) weeks prior to the end of the ECM service authorization period. For Members that have either met goals or no longer meet criteria for ECM services the authorization will end. For Members/Providers who continue to request ECM services even when criteria is no longer being met, IEHP issues the Notice of Action letter (NOA). For Members that continue to meet criteria for ECM the processes outlined in the initial determination columns for decision and notification will apply. (23.iii)
 - d. ECM authorizations are valid for twelve (12) months or until the Member no longer meets criteria for ECM services. (23.iv)

3.2. Presumptive Authorization or Pre-authorization (24)

All ECM Care Teams evaluate each potentially ECM eligible Member through a screening process. If through this process the ECM Care Team believes that the IEHP Member meets eligibility criteria for ECM, the submit this information to IEHP through IEHP's care management platform for eligibility review. IEHP's eligibility review process may take up to 3 business days. The ECM Care Team considers the Member pre-authorized during the month that the request was submitted and commences providing ECM services. IEHP conducts an eligibility review and if the Member is found ECM eligible submits an authorization for ECM for 12 months. If IEHP finds that the Member is not eligible for ECM, IEHP submits a denial to the ECM Provider for ECM services.

3.3. Authorization for ECM Enrolled Members transitioning to IEHP from a prior MCP

1. IEHP considers Members receiving ECM in a previous health plan to be ECM-eligible upon enrollment into IEHP. IEHP automatically authorizes ECM services for these Members.

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- a. IEHP automatically authorizes Member initiated requests that IEHP receives directly from the Member, family or Authorized Representative (AR) by way of the following process.
 - 1) Member, family or AR contacts Member Services.
 - 2) Member Services transfers call to ECM Care Extenders.
 - 3) ECM Care Extenders verify if the Member was enrolled in ECM services by their previous MCP and if the Member meets any ECM exclusionary criteria.
 - 4) If the Member was enrolled in ECM by their previous MCP and does not meet any ECM exclusionary criteria, then IEHP automatically authorizes ECM services for the Member.
 - 5) IEHP assigns the Member to an ECM Provider per IEHP's Member assignment methodology found in Section 4.1.
 - 6) Once assigned, IEHP notifies the assigned ECM Provider of Member authorization via the IEHP ECM care management platform.
 - 7) If the Member was enrolled in ECM by their previous MCP and does meet ECM exclusionary criteria, then the Member would not be automatically authorized for ECM services. In this instance, the Member would be evaluated for alternative services.
- b. IEHP care teams first work with the Member to obtain a copy of their care plan, and if the Member cannot provide one, make every reasonable attempt to contact the prior ECM Provider and request a copy.
- c. IEHP reviews and processes historical utilization data using the DHCS provided Plan Data Feed (PDF) by using a 90-day look-back period to identify any new Members who have received ECM. IEHP specifically looks for the appropriate HCPCS codes and modifiers used for ECM in the PDF files to identify Members who were enrolled in ECM with a previous MCP. Following Member identification, IEHP automatically authorizes ECM services and loads these Members into IEHP's ECM care management platform.
- d. IEHP takes the necessary steps to re-assess these Members based on discontinuation criteria no later than ninety (90) days from the Member's authorization date. During this 90-day period, care teams assess for Member engagement and level of care needs. If at the end of 90 days the Member has not responded to outreach attempts, or is more appropriate for a lower level of care, the care team discontinues ECM services and connects the Member with alternative services if indicated.

Section 4: Assignment to an ECM Provider

4.1 Member Assignment Methodology

- 1. IEHP utilizes the following algorithm to assign Members to ECM Providers. (25.i)
 - a. If a Member has received more than one service from a county Behavioral Health Provider in the last 12 months, the Member is assigned to the county Behavioral Health ECM Provider. (25.i) (25.iv)
 - b. If the Member has not received more than one service from a county Behavioral Health Provider in the last 12 months, the Member is assigned to their Primary Care ECM Provider. (25.i) (25.iv)
 - c. If the Member's Primary Care Provider is not a contracted ECM Provider, the Member is assigned to a regional ECM Provider care team that is staffed by IEHP. (25.i) (25.iv)
 - d. IEHP will establish a partnership with California Children's Services (CCS) Providers and assess their ability and interest to serve as an ECM Provider. Should CCS be willing to collaborate with IEHP as an ECM Provider, IEHP will assign ECM eligible children preferentially to the CCS ECM Provider. (25.i) (25.iv)
- 2. IEHP ensures assignment occurs within ten (10) business days of ECM authorization or based on the agreed upon schedule between IEHP and ECM Provider. (25.ii)
 - a. Per an established schedule and at least monthly IEHP identifies newly eligible ECM Members and assigns an ECM Provider based on the ECM Provider assignment algorithm. (25.ii)
 - b. ECM Provider assignments are fully processed through all IEHP systems, including the ECM care management platform, within 3-6 days of assignment. (25.ii)
 - c. Additionally, a report is run daily to identify authorized Members who were referred for ECM by ECM Providers and other Providers and external sources and who are not yet assigned to an ECM Provider so one can be made. (25.ii)
- 3. IEHP accounts for Member preference, need and existing Provider relationships by: (25.iii)
 - a. Allowing Members to request a change in ECM Provider assignment at any time. (25.iii)
 - b. Maintaining continuity of assignment for Members transitioning from the Health Homes Program and Whole Person Care Program. (25.iii)
 - c. Prioritizing Members who have recently received mental health or substance use disorder (SUD) services from a county behavioral health provider for assignment to a county behavioral health ECM Provider. (25.iii)
 - 1) IEHP complies with DHCS requirements to assign preferentially to Behavioral Health Providers and Assigned PCPs who are ECM Providers, where applicable, by adhering to an assignment algorithm that first assesses a Member's engagement in county behavioral health and next evaluates the Member's

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primary care assignment. For Members who are currently engaged in county behavioral health services, assignment is prioritized to behavioral health ECM Providers. (25.iii)

- 4. IEHP matches ECM Provider experience and skill set to Members. IEHP has built a diverse provider network of ECM Providers (including County Departments of Behavioral Health and Community-based Organizations) who have expertise with SMI, homeless, and post-incarceration target populations. IEHP prioritizes Members with these needs for assignment to these specialized ECM Providers. (25.v)
- 5. IEHP documents Member assignment in the ECM care management platform that is accessible by all ECM Providers and in the IEHP Provider Portal that is accessible by all contracted Providers. IEHP retains Member assignment in database tables for reporting purposes. (25.vi)
- 6. IEHP provides notification to ECM Providers of new assignments electronically through the ECM care management platform. This occurs no less than once a month when IEHP's ECM eligibility algorithm is refreshed. In the ECM care management platform ECM Providers have access to a list of referred Members and each Member's ECM status (eligible, enrolled, or disenrolled.) (25.vii)
- 7. If a Member is not assigned to their Primary Care Provider for ECM services, IEHP notifies each Member's PCP and other key Providers about the ECM Provider assignment via the IEHP Provider Portal. (25.viii)
 - a. Primary Care Provider is able to view the assigned ECM Provider's name and contact information in the IEHP Provider Portal. (25.viii)
 - b. The ECM Provider also receives the name and contact information of the Member's Primary Care Provider via the ECM care management platform and/or IEHP Provider Portal and be required to communicate and collaborate with the Member's Primary Care Provider. (25.viii)
- 8. IEHP incorporates feedback from prospective ECM Providers and Member PCPs about the appropriateness of the Member's ECM Provider assignment. (25.ix)
 - a. IEHP's ECM assignment algorithm was developed in partnership with ECM Providers, particularly specialty ECM Providers such as County Departments of Behavioral Health and Community-based Organizations. (25.ix)
 - b. All ECM Providers receive education on IEHP's ECM assignment algorithm, and an ECM Provider or a Member's PCP may contact IEHP directly via the IEHP ECM electronic mailbox or through their assigned Practice Coach (where applicable) with feedback about any Member's ECM Provider assignment. IEHP reviews all feedback, and requests to change a Member's ECM Provider assignment is reviewed on a case-by-case basis. (25.ix)

4.2 ECM Provider Change Process (27.iv)

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- 1. IEHP responds to Member requests to change ECM Providers as soon as possible to meet the Member's needs and within seven (7) business days. To initiate a change in ECM Provider, a Member can: (27.iv)
 - a. Have their current ECM Provider submit this request to IEHP via the IEHP ECM electronic mailbox on their behalf, or (27.iv)
 - b. Contact IEHP Member Services. IEHP Member Services connects the Member with the ECM Care Extenders. ECM Care Extenders are employed by IEHP to facilitate warm hand-offs between ECM Providers. (27.iv)
- 2. Designated IEHP staff monitor the IEHP ECM electronic mailbox daily and receive daily reports from ECM Care Extenders about ECM Provider change requests. (27.iv)
 - a. IEHP has a service level agreement to initiate the ECM Provider change within 24 hours of receiving the request. (27.iv)
 - b. Once initiated, the ECM Provider change is processed within 3-6 days. (27.iv)

Section 5: Outreach and Engagement into ECM

5.1 Outreach to New ECM Eligible Members for Enrollment (31.i. – 31.ix.)

ECM Providers may identify new ECM eligible Members for outreach through two pathways. ECM Care Teams receive a list of assigned Members who are potentially eligible for one or more of the ECM populations of focus and not yet enrolled from IEHP. This list is accessible via the ECM care management platform and refreshed monthly to ensure each ECM Care Team has access to an up-to-date list of ECM eligible Members to drive outreach and engagement efforts. ECM Care Teams may also identify and outreach to prospective ECM eligible Members who do not appear on the IEHP list and assess them for ECM eligibility.

- 1. ECM Care Teams routinely obtain and review information about new eligible Members, confirm Member PCP assignment, and assign an appropriate Care Team member responsible to outreach and engage ECM eligible Members.
 - a. ECM Care Teams conduct outreach promptly after receiving a referral for ECM. (31.iii)
 - b. ECM Care Team assignments for conducting outreach and engagement us customized for the Member, taking into consideration a Member's health needs, conditions, culture, language, location, and other characteristics, as appropriate.
 - c. Outreach is made through community-based modalities and by providers that are located in underserved communities and have experience with targeted outreach and engagement to these populations including those that experience health disparities. When possible, outreachprioritizes in-person contact where the Member lives or receives care or as they are released and transitioning from incarceration for that

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population of focus. (30.iii) If in-person contact attempts are unsuccessful, ECM Care Team members may engage Members using the following modalities: (31.i) (31.ii)

- 1) Mail;
- 2) Telephone calls;
- 3) Email;
- 4) Texts; or
- 5) Secure teleconferencing. (31.ii)
- d. ECM Care Team members provide culturally and linguistically appropriate Member communication per IEHP's policy MC_09H2 Cultural and Linguistic Services, including written materials in all threshold languages and at a 6th grade reading level. (31.vii)
- e. All members of the ECM Care Team may conduct outreach and engagement. Field-based outreach is primarily conducted by the community health worker, including outreach to Members who are hospitalized or experiencing a transition of care as allowed.
- 2. Outreach and Engagement strategies use various approaches appropriate for each Member and population of focus, especially those with whom it is challenging to make contact such as for Members experiencing homelessness and/or transitioning from incarceration. (31.vi)
 - a. IEHP mailed the 2022 Evidence of Coverage (EOC) to all IEHP Members prior to January 1, 2022 which includes a description of the new ECM benefit. This information is also posted on the IEHP website.
 - b. Outreach and engagement strategies take into account any information available from EHRs, IEHP's ECM care management platform, claims, or other systems regarding physical and behavioral health conditions, history of trauma, Member's language and cultural preferences, health literacy, preferred modes of communication, housing and work history, current homelessness, other social factors that may have historically been barriers to locating and contacting the Member, and any patterns of behaviors relevant to when, where and how the Member has sought care in the past. IEHP supports real-time or frequent sharing of this information via the ECM care management platform, the IEHP Provider Portal and reports in a way that meets local, state, and federal privacy and security rules and regulations. (31.ix)
 - Every avenue is researched to secure a valid phone number (e.g., the PCP office, specialty care provider office, a vendor where durable medical equipment is rented

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from, current pharmacy used, etc.). (31.vi)

- d. Active outreach strategies follow a progressive strategy over 90 days where the ECM Care Team uses the least resource intense outreach approaches and builds up to more resource intensive approaches to reach Members who are more difficult to reach. These outreach approaches may include but are not limited to the progressive steps below. (31.vi)
 - 1) Reviewing Provider schedules and flagging those scheduled with an appointment with their PCP for face-to-face engagement efforts. (31.vi)
 - 2) Direct communications with Members by letter, telephone, or text. (31.vi.)
 - 3) Outreach to care delivery and social service partners (including parole or probation offices), providers in the IEHP network, and/or specific IEHP personnel, to obtain information to help locate and contact the Member, particularly those who are transitioning from incarceration. (31.vi)
 - 4) Street level outreach to hold face-to-face meetings at community settings, where the Member lives and/or where the Member seeks care or is otherwise accessible. (31.vi)
 - a) Street level outreach is prioritized for the homeless population of focus and is primarily conducted by the Community Health Worker (CHW). (31.vi)
- e. Outreach to individuals transitioning from incarceration is done in partnership with Riverside University Health System (RUHS) and the county probation and parole offices. Currently, individuals are released without Medi-Cal by state policy, because Medi-Cal is cancelled upon incarceration. Managed Care Plans in Riverside County are not alerted to inmate release. IEHP works with RUHS and local probation and parole offices to continue the process of screening newly released individuals and to refer those individuals to Department of Public Social Services (DPSS) for Medi-Cal as needed. Further, IEHP works with the same teams to develop standard protocols to identify individuals who have been recently released, are on probation and who are likely to be eligible for both Medi-Cal and ECM. As released individuals are transitioned to active Medi-Cal status through Department of Public Social Services (DPSS), IEHP cross-references the list of newly activated IEHP Medi-Cal recipients against the list of newly released individuals and prioritizes these new Members for outreach and engagement into ECM. (18.i.) (31.vi.)
 - 1) IEHP continues to work with the State to approve legislation to suspend (instead of terminating) Medi-Cal upon incarceration to facilitate rapid Med-Cal reactivation upon release if a Member is incarcerated for less than 12 months. IEHP is also advocating for

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pre-release Medi-Cal screening for individuals who do not have coverage.

- 3. IEHP tiers Members to assist ECM Care Teams to prioritize outreach to Members with the most immediate needs. Tailored outreach efforts progress over ninety (90) days, and the number of required outreach attempts for the 90-day period is determined by the Member's tier. (31.iv) (31.v.)
 - a. IEHP's tiering methodology is a combination of Adjusted Clinical Groups (ACG) risk stratification, focusing on medical related data, and California Healthy Places Index (HPI), focusing on social determinants of health. The HPI, developed by the Public Health Alliance of Southern California, uses local factors that predict life expectancy to provide overall HPI scores. The categories that inform scoring include economic, education, transportation, social, housing, healthcare access, neighborhood, and clean environment. The inclusion of the HPI score improves IEHP's ability to identify populations with indicators associated with disparities and moves them to a higher risk tier. This tiering methodology is applied to the ECM eligible population and informs the prioritized outreach strategy by the care team. (31.v)
 - b. The required number of outreach attempts by tier are as follows. (31.iv)
 - 1) High Risk/Tier 1 Members receive a minimum of weekly outreach attempts. (31.iv)
 - 2) Rising Risk/Tier 2 Members receive outreach attempts at a minimum of every other week. (31.iv)
 - 3) Low Risk/Tier 3 Members receive a minimum of monthly outreach attempts. (31.iv)
 - c. All outreach attempts are documented by the ECM Care Team in the ECM care management platform.
- 4. During initial contact, the ECM Care Team member conducting outreach informs each Member about the terms of their participation in ECM in accordance with this policy and obtains consent to participate in ECM. A successful outreach contact consists of the following:
 - a. Confirm Member eligibility for at least one ECM population of focus.
 - b. Identify exclusionary criteria that makes the Member ineligible for ECM.
 - 1) If the Member confirms enrollment in any of the following programs, they are advised to choose either that program or ECM:
 - a) 1915(c) Home and Community Based (HCPS) waiver programs: HIV/AIDS, Assisted Living Waiver (ALW), Developmentally Disabled

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- (DD), In-Home Operations (IHO), Multipurpose Senior Services Program (MSSP), Nursing Facility Acute Hospital (NF/AH);
- b) Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) residents with a duration longer than the month of admission and the following month; or
- c) Members with Medicare and/or those enrolled in Medicare Advantage plans are eligible for ECM, but ECM is not provided in the CMC delivery system. Members have the choice to leave the CMC delivery systems to receive ECM services.
- c. If the Member is eligible and no exclusionary criteria are identified, the ECM Care Team obtains verbal consent for participation and documents consent in the ECM care management platform.
- d. Once consented, the ECM Care Team assists the Member with scheduling a PCP appointment within the next sixty (60) days.
- e. The ECM Care Team also either initiates or plans to complete the CHA, SCP, and any other assessments as appropriate for the Member and their population(s) of focus.
- f. If during outreach, the Member declines to participate in ECM:
 - 1) The ECM Care Team instructs the Member on how to continue care with their PCP and provides referral and warm handoff to alternative care management programs as appropriate. (31.viii)
 - 2) Member is informed that they may reengage and receive ECM services at any time in the future if the Member continues to meet criteria for one or more of the ECM populations of focus. (31.viii)
 - 3) A Member's decision to opt out of ECM is documented in the ECM care management platform. (31.viii)
- g. If during outreach the Member cannot be reached, the ECM Care Team notifies IEHP via documentation in the ECM care management platform. IEHP assesses these Members for alternative care management programs as appropriate. (31.viii)

Section 6: Initiating Delivery of ECM (26)

6.1. ECM Provider Process for Obtaining Member Authorization for Data Sharing (26)

1. At the time ECM services are initiated, and when required by federal law, ECM Providers are required to obtain, document, and transmit Members' authorization to share

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- Personally Identifiable Information (PII) with IEHP, ECM, ILOS, and other Providers who are involved in administering the Member's ECM. (26.i)
- 2. The ECM Provider obtains Member's written authorization for any use or disclosure of protected health information that is not for treatment, payment or health care operations, or any use or disclosure otherwise permitted by law. The request for Member's written authorization is in accordance to the specifications required by law for specific protected health information, such as psychotherapy notes and substance abuse disorder treatment. (26.i)
- 3. The ECM Provider documents and maintains consent for data sharing in designated fields within IEHP's ECM care management platform and in their Electronic Health Record (EHR), if applicable. (26.i)
- 4. ECM Providers communicate Member authorization for data sharing to IEHP via the ECM care management platform. IEHP has access to all data within the ECM care management platform and extracts and maintains records of Members' authorization for data sharing. IEHP also develops reporting to track and monitor authorizations for data sharing. (26.ii)

6.2. Identifying a Lead Care Manager (27)

- 1. The Lead Care Manager operates as part of the Member's ECM Care Team and is responsible for ensuring coordination of all aspects of ECM and Community Supports (ILOS). (27.i)
- 2. When a Member is assigned to an ECM Provider, the ECM Provider assigns the Member a Lead Care Manager, taking into account the expertise and skills required to meet the unique needs of the Member. (27.i)
 - a. Most Tier 1 Members are assigned to either the RN CM or the BH CM. (27.i)
 - b. Most Tier 2 and 3 Members are assigned to the CC or the CHW. (27.i)
 - c. Some Tier 2 and 3 Members may be assigned to the RN CM or BH CM based on their medical or behavioral health complexity. (27.i)
 - d. When making the Lead Care Manager assignment, the ECM Care Team takes into account any Member information available in their EHR and IEHP's ECM care management platform that informs the Member's level of care needs and identifies their population(s) of focus to ensure alignment between the Member's needs and the Lead Care Manager's background, skills, education, and expertise. For example, Members who belong to the SMI/SUD population of focus would be preferentially assigned to a BH CM as Lead Care Manager. (27.i)
- 3. Lead Care Manager assignment incorporates Member preferences which may be based

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- on the Member's language, cultural preferences, health literacy, or connection to a specific ECM Care Team member. (27.ii)
- 4. The Member may request a change in Lead Care Manager at any time during their enrollment in ECM. (27.iii)
 - a. Following this request, the ECM Care Team or the Director of the ECM Care Team discusses this request with the Member to appropriately identify an alternative Lead Care Manager. (27.iii)
 - b. The previously assigned Lead Care Manager provides a warm hand-off to the new Lead Care Manager to ensure a smooth transition. (27.iii)
- 5. Lead Care Manager assignment is documented in the ECM care management platform. (27.i.)

Section 7: Core Service Components of ECM

7.1. ECM Core Service Components Overview

- 1. ECM Core Services are provided by an ECM Care Team, which is a multi-disciplinary, integrated team comprised of four primary roles: registered nurse care manager (RN CM), behavioral health care manager (BH CM), care coordinator (CC), and community health worker (CHW).
 - a. RN CM: The RN CM supports ECM Members with complex medical conditions and completes medication reconciliation in collaboration with pharmacy as available for all ECM-enrolled Members.
 - b. BH CM: The BH CM supports ECM Members with behavioral health conditions, with particular attention to ECM Members with SMI and/or SUD needs, through brief interventions and behavioral activation strategies.
 - c. CC: The CC provides care coordination and connection to services and social supports for ECM Members, including appointment scheduling and referral management.
 - d. CHW: The CHW is a field-based member of the ECM Care Team who has lived experience in the ECM Members' community and serves as the bridge between the ECM Member and the healthcare system. The CHW focuses support on ECM Members who are difficult to engage and/or who have cultural or linguistic barriers to care via field-based contacts including accompaniment to appointments.
- 2. The ECM Care Team is trained in all ECM core services as well as in core competencies including team-based care, motivational interviewing, behavioral activation, cultural competency, and trauma-informed care. These competencies are key skills used throughout the engagement and delivery of all ECM core services.

- 3. The ECM Care Teams employ specific core components to optimize the delivery of the ECM core services. These core components include the following:
 - a. Systematic Caseload Review (SCR): SCR is a regularly occurring ECM Care Team meeting during which the ECM Care Team, in coordination with primary care, systematically identify and discuss ECM Members who are not improving as expected or according to their SCP in order to initiate changes in treatment.
 - b. Measurement-based Care (MBC): MBC utilizes the repeated administration of structured clinical data and/or validated tools, such as blood pressure, Hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c), the Patient Health Questionnaire-9 (PHQ-9), and the Brief Addiction Monitor (BAM), to track physical and behavioral health outcomes over time and to guide clinical decision making towards a defined target.
- 4. Engaging Members Through In-Person Interaction (29.i.)
 - a. ECM is provided by practice-based and community-based ECM Care Teams. Member contact is conducted through in-person and remote (i.e., secure teleconferencing and telehealth, telephone, text, etc.) interactions, in a setting most appropriate and convenient for the Member. Whenever possible, the ECM Care Team engages the Member in-person and supplement contacts with remote communications. (29.i) (29.iii)
 - b. When completing the CHA and the Member-centered, individualized SCP during the initial assessment, contact frequency and method of communication is established with the Member, considering Member preference, where the Member lives, seeks care, or is accessible, and according to the Member's risk tier. (29.i)
- 5. IEHP ensures that the ECM Member's risk tier will be the basis for the appropriate intensity and frequency of ECM services. Members in the higher risk tiers receive more intensive ECM services at a higher frequency. For each risk tier, the ECM Care Team does the following:
 - a. High Risk/Tier 1
 - 1) Attempt weekly to bi-weekly contacts with Member using multiple modalities and per Member preference with at minimum two in-person meetings per month;
 - 2) Communicate with the Member's PCP regarding SCP updates and other information-sharing;
 - 3) Conduct periodic, systematic case reviews to review the Member's SCP, their progress towards goals, adherence to the treatment plan, and to make necessary changes in treatment and strategy to engage the Member in their plan of care; and
 - 4) Document each contact and updates to SCP in the ECM care management platform.

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b. Rising Risk/Tier 2

- 1) Attempt bi-weekly (every other week) to monthly contacts with the Member using multiple modalities and per Member preference;
- 2) Utilize a combination of telephonic and face-to-face encounters, based on the Member's preference;
- 3) Communicate with the Member's PCP regarding SCP updates and other information-sharing;
- 4) Conduct periodic, systematic case reviews to review the Member's SCP, their progress towards goals, adherence to the treatment plan, and to make necessary changes in treatment and strategy to engage the Member in their plan of care; and
- 5) Document each contact and updates to SCP in the ECM care management platform.

c. Low Risk/Tier 3

- 1) Attempt two (2) contacts with the Member in the first month of enrollment and then at minimum, monthly contacts using multiple modalities and per Member preference;
- 2) Utilize a combination of telephonic and face-to-face encounters, based on Member's preference;
- 3) Communicate with the Member's PCP regarding SCP updates and other information-sharing;
- 4) As needed, conduct a systematic case review to review the Member's SCP, their progress towards goals, adherence to the treatment plan, and to make necessary changes in treatment and strategy to engage the Member in their plan of care; and
- 5) Document each contact and updates to SCP in the ECM care management platform.
- 6. Modifications for Mitigation of COVID-19 Transmission Risk (29.ii.)
 - a. For all in-person Member contacts, the ECM Care Team adheres to current CDC safety recommendations and guidelines regarding strategies to reduce the risk of COVID-19 transmission, including, but not limited to: (29.ii)
 - 1) Wearing a mask
 - 2) Maintaining social distancing
 - 3) Hand hygiene

- b. Should the in-person visit occur at the ECM Care Team's office, the exam room or office will be sanitized following each visit, per clinical protocols. (29.ii)
- c. To encourage in-person contacts, the ECM Care Team provides the Member with safer contact options, such as meeting at an outdoor location, per Member preference. (29.ii)
- d. ECM Care Team assists Members to receive the COVID-19 vaccine. (29.ii)
- 7. ECM Core Services are Culturally Relevant and Person-centered
 - a. IEHP recruits diverse ECM Providers into the ECM Provider network. (30.i)
 - 1) IEHP maps potentially ECM eligible membership and identifies ECM Providers who are located in and geographically matched to the membership to address regional diversity. (30.i) (30.iii)
 - 2) IEHP also analyzes potentially ECM eligible membership for eligibility characteristics (e.g., homeless, diagnosis of SMI or SUD etc.) and recruits ECM Providers with expertise in these areas to ensure diversity of specialty within the ECM Provider network. (30.i)
 - 3) IEHP ensures that ECM Providers have diverse care management staff reflecting the populations they serve. IEHP encourages the ECM Provider to hire the ECM Care Team from the community it serves. Specifically, the CHW, by definition, is a team member that has lived experience in the ECM Members' community. (30.i.)
 - b. IEHP continues to apply Policy & Procedure MC_09H2 Cultural and Linguistic Services to its general provider network and verify the capability of its Providers to provide services in threshold languages at entry into the IEHP network for Riverside and San Bernardino counties. Providers' threshold languages are listed in the IEHP Provider Directory. (30.ii)
 - c. IEHP encourages recruitment of diverse ECM Provider staff including multilingual staff with competency in Spanish and other threshold languages. IEHP assesses and s ECM eligible membership for preferred language and focuses efforts on supporting hiring practices of multilingual staff in geographic areas that demonstrate higher preference for languages other than English. (30.i) (30.ii)
 - d. IEHP has translated key assessments, including the Comprehensive Health Assessment, into threshold languages for ease of completion with patients that prefer services in threshold languages. IEHP will also utilize translations of standardized assessments, such as the PHQ-9 and General Anxiety Disorder-7 (GAD-7), which are available online in many different languages. The IEHP ECM care management

- platform supports documentation of a care plan problem, goal, and intervention in English and an alternative language. The care plan may be printed either language. (30.ii)
- e. IEHP's ECM benefit promotes a definition of whole health that incorporates the recognition, incorporation, and celebration of Members' life experiences, family structure, culture, language, race, gender, sexual orientation, and abilities. IEHP continues its tradition of providing training and support of cultural competency and humility that was provided in the IEHP Health Homes Program and transitioned to the ECM benefit. Training and support of cultural competency and humility is woven in, as appropriate, to all practice coaching, webinars, learning sessions, and other formal training activities. IEHP continues to hire Practice Coaches with diverse life experiences, cultural backgrounds, language competencies, race, ethnicity, gender, abilities, and sexual orientation. (30.ii)
- f. IEHP ensures that ECM Providers target outreach and engagement to underserved communities and populations that experience health disparities. IEHP's risk stratification methodology is a combination of ACG risk stratification, focusing on medical-related data, and California Healthy Places Index (HPI), focusing on social determinants of health. The HPI, developed by the Public Health Alliance of Southern California, uses local factors that predict life expectancy to provide overall HPI scores. The categories that inform scoring include economic, education, transportation, social, housing, healthcare access, neighborhood, and clean environment. The inclusion of the HPI score in the risk stratification methodology improves IEHP's ability to identify populations with indicators associated with disparities and up score their risk tier. Members with the highest risk tiers receive preferential outreach by the ECM Care Team both during initial outreach and ongoing engagement efforts. (30.iii)
- g. In addition, IEHP has developed an analytics tool that identifies disparities in outcomes related to age, race, ethnicity, gender, preferred language, and region and allows the user to drill down to Member level detail. IEHP is working towards making this tool visible at the ECM Provider level so that it may further inform prioritized outreach strategies to Members experiencing disparities. (30.iii)
- h. IEHP identifies and addresses disparities in engagement, access, or utilization of ECM services at the level of the whole MCP population receiving ECM in a variety of ways. Committed to addressing racial equity and injustice internally, IEHP has created the Open Heart Initiative, inclusive of a Racial Equity & Diversity Taskforce and a Diversity & Inclusion Committee. Both are dedicated to addressing racial inequality, health disparities, and the social inequities across cultural lines through cognitive learning, cultural celebrations, and organizational and community

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- engagement. These efforts seek to create a foundation from which to create IEHP Team Member awareness and competency and thereby energize the work directed at addressing disparities and racial inequities in the communities served. (30.iv)
- i. IEHP identifies disparities through utilizing the following tools. Findings drive and inform quality improvement activities and training for the ECM Provider network to address identified disparities. (30.iv)
 - 1) Population Health Assessment (PHA) and Population Needs Assessment (PNA): The Population Health Assessment and Population Needs Assessment (PNA) are conducted annually by IEHP to identify Member population needs. As part of this approach a disparity analysis is conducted on a select set of HEDIS measures to identify disparate outcomes based on human and environmental characteristics of IEHP's Membership. These findings guide overall strategy to address identified disparities through targeted approaches to interventions and program development. (30.iv)
 - 2) Public Policy Participation Committee (PPPC): The PPPC is an IEHP Member advisory council that is conducted quarterly. IEHP uses this forum to introduce ECM and solicit feedback on how to better serve ECM Members. (30.iv)
 - 3) Data analytics: Data analysis is performed on ECM outreach activities, enrollment, services provided and outcomes by age, gender, preferred language, race, ethnicity, and region to identify disparities. (30.iv)

7.2. ECM Core Service: Comprehensive Assessment and Care Management Plan (32)

- 1. ECM Care Teams utilize a clinical Comprehensive Health Assessment (CHA) to appropriately assess Member health status and gaps in care. The ECM CHA collects comprehensive information from the Member and their caregiver or support person(s) as applicable about their health needs and priorities. The CHA may be administered by any ECM care team member in a setting that reflects the Member's preference, and it is used to gather information needed to address complex medical conditions and longer-standing psychosocial or health care needs and gaps. Assessment information will include, but is not limited to: (32.1)
 - a. Physical health
 - b. Developmental health
 - c. Mental health
 - d. Dementia
 - e. Substance Use Disorder (SUD)
 - f. Community-based Long-term Services and Supports (LTSS)

- g. Oral health
- h. Palliative care
- i. Trauma-informed care needs
- j. Community-based social services
- k. Housing and other Social Determinants of Health
- 1. Utilization (32.1)
- 2. Additional assessments of physical, behavioral, or social determinants of health needs is conducted as part of the routine assessment process and based on the findings of the ECM CHA, i.e., the PHQ-9, GAD-7, blood pressure measurement, etc. (32.1)
- 3. The ECM CHA is conducted at a frequency appropriate for the Member's individual progress, no less than upon enrollment, annually, and with any transition in care or other major event. (32.4)
- 4. IEHP ensures that CHA materials are available in the Member's preferred written or spoken language and/or alternate formats that effectively communicate information and will make these available upon request.
- 5. Findings from the CHA, including Member needs, goals, preferences, and assessed risks are utilized in the development of a comprehensive, individualized, and person-centered Shared Care Plan (SCP). (32.2)
- 6. The ECM Care Team completes a SCP within the first 90 days of ECM enrollment in coordination with the Member and leveraging input from the Member's support network and caregivers, as appropriate. The SCP incorporates the Member's needs in the areas of physical health, mental health, dementia, substance use disorder, community-based Long-Term Services and Supports (LTSS), oral health, palliative care, trauma-informed care needs, community-based and social services, and housing, for individuals experiencing homelessness and/or those in need of housing support services. (32.2) (32.3)
- 7. The ECM Care Team works with the Member to develop and prioritize Problems, Goals, and Interventions (PGIs) with the SCP according to the Member's priorities and preferences. Individualized goals have timeframes and strategies for addressing each goal.
- 8. The SCP is accessible to all members of the Member's extended care team.
 - a. A copy of the most recent SCP is provided to the Member after each in-person contact, and upon request a copy may be provided by mail. (36.6)
 - b. A copy of the most recent SCP is shared with the Member's PCP via e-mail, mail, fax, or electronically through the ECM care management platform.

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- c. The ECM Care Team has access to the SCP through the ECM care management platform and all members of the ECM care team may contribute to and update the SCP.
- 9. The ECM Care Team maintains the SCP, reviews it during each Member contact, and reassesses and updates it with any changes in the Member's progress, status, or health care needs, such as a recent hospital admission, discharge, or ED visit, and/or according to the SCP follow up plan, no less than monthly. The clinical members of the ECM Care Team, including the RN CM and the BH CM, provide clinical oversight for the care plan by reviewing and contributing to the care plan in collaboration with the CC and CHW. (32.4) (32.5)

7.3. ECM Core Service: Enhanced Coordination of Care (33)

- 1. ECM Care Team members regularly contact the Member and their family member(s), guardian, caregiver, and/or authorized support person(s), when appropriate, and at a frequency determined by the Member's risk tier and as documented in the SCP to support and coordinate the plan of care. (33.6)
- 2. The ECM Care Team organizes patient care activities by coordinating with the multidisciplinary care team and other service providers to implement the Member's SCP. Services may include but are not limited to: (33.1)
 - a. Utilizing referral management workflows to refer to and follow up with primary care/physical and development health, mental health, SUD treatment, communitybased LTSS, oral health, palliative care, trauma-informed care, necessary community-based and social services, ILOS, and housing services, as needed; (33.3)
 - b. Assisting Members with scheduling appointments, providing appointment reminders, and attending appointments (including accompanying Members to appointments as needed); (33.4)
 - c. Monitoring and supporting treatment adherence, including medication management and reconciliation; (33.4)
 - d. Coordinating transportation to health-related appointments; and (33.4)
 - e. Supporting engagement in treatment through routine contacts and by addressing barriers to treatment. (33.4)
- 3. The ECM Provider maintains regular contact with all Providers that are identified as being part of the Member's multi-disciplinary care team, who's input is necessary for successful implementation of Member goals and needs by organizing a systematic case review with the Member's ECM Care Team and PCP to review and collaborate on Member needs, share information with the Member's key care team members, and implement the Member's care plan. (33.2) (33.5)

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4. The ECM Care Team communicates Members' needs and preferences timely to all members of the Members' care team via SCR and through regular correspondence with multi-disciplinary care team members in a manner that ensures safe, appropriate, and effective person-centered care. (33.5)

7.4. ECM Core Service: Health Promotion (34)

- 1. The ECM Care Team incorporates health promotion strategies in all routine contacts, including development and review of the care plan, to support and promote the Member's health and well-being.
- 2. The ECM Care Team continuously works with Members, their families, and caregivers as appropriate to build on resiliencies, develop self-management plans, and identify family or community supports. The ECM Care Team also monitors achievement of care plan goals and celebrates these with the Member to further build on successes. (34.1)
- 3. The ECM Care Team provides services and interventions that encourage and support Members to make lifestyle choices based on healthy behavior, with the goal of supporting Members' self-management. These interventions are documented in the SCP, and the SCP is shared with the Member so that the Member may proactively monitor lifestyle recommendations and related goals and interventions to further facilitate self-management. (34.2)
- 4. The ECM Care Team provides Member education, including connection to resources, to strengthen the Member's existing skills and empower them to manage their conditions and prevent worsening or additional chronic conditions. (34.3)
- 5. The ECM Care Team encourages the Member's decision-making and continued participation in ECM.

7.5. ECM Core Service: Comprehensive Transitional Care (35)

- 1. The ECM Care Team employs multiple strategies to reduce avoidable Member admissions and readmissions. These strategies include but are not limited to: (35.1)
 - a. Initial and ongoing biopsychosocial assessment (i.e., blood pressure, PHQ-9, housing) and medication review/reconciliation; (35.1)
 - b. Routine care management contacts to reinforce ongoing engagement; (35.1)
 - c. Use of care planning and goal setting to engage the Member in treatment, motivate behavior change, and support self-management; (35.1)
 - d. Coordination of needed services, including connection to primary care, specialty care, and social service providers as needed; and (35.1)
 - e. Member education on appropriate utilization, including when to access urgent care. (35.1)

- 2. The IEHP ECM care management platform is a tool deployed to ECM Care Teams that provides real-time notification of care transitions from inpatient settings and Emergency Departments. IEHP plans to build additional real-time alerts for transitions from other types of facilities such as residential treatment facilities, justice-based facilities, skilled nursing facilities, and to identify critical health and social determinant status changes (e.g., housing and employment). (35.2) (35.3)
- 3. For ECM Members experiencing a transition of care (TOC) from and among treatment facilities, including hospital admissions and discharges and emergency department (ED) visits, the ECM Care Team is responsible for supporting and facilitating the transition of care. (35.2)
 - a. The ECM Care Team receives and tracks automated notification of the transition via the ECM care management platform and begins transition activities for ECM Members. Activities may include, but are not limited to: (35.2)
 - 1) Communicating the transition to the appropriate care team members; (35.2)
 - 2) Engaging the Member during an ED visit or hospitalization to complete an admission assessment and schedule an in-home post-discharge appointment with an ECM Care Team member, if possible; (35.2)
 - 3) Engaging the Member within 72 hours of the ED visit or hospital discharge if unable to engage while in the ED or prior to discharge; (35.2)
 - 4) Reviewing the discharge plan with the member and their caregiver/support; (35.2)
 - 5) Planning appropriate care and/or a place to stay post-discharge, including housing and other social services; (35.2)
 - 6) Arranging transportation including to medical appointments, as per Non-Medical Transportation and Non-Emergency Medical Transportation policy and procedures; (35.2)
 - 7) Conducting a comprehensive medication review and reconciliation; (35.2)
 - 8) Updating the CHA and SCP with specific goals and interventions focused on mitigating future avoidable transitions of care and prevention of readmissions and visits to the emergency department (transition plan); (35.2)
 - 9) Coordinating referrals; and (35.2)
 - 10) Scheduling follow-up appointments with the Member's PCP and specialists, as appropriate, within seven (7) days of discharge if possible. (35.2)
- 4. Members who are likely to experience a care transition will receive the following supports: (35.2)

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- a. Ongoing assessment, which includes a review of recent transitions, is conducted to identify Member's care needs and to coordinate referral to or access of support services to mitigate avoidable transitions of care; (35.2)
- b. Development of SCP goals and interventions focused on management of current conditions and social determinants of health that put the Member at risk for an avoidable transition of care; and (35.2)
- c. Conducting comprehensive medication review and reconciliation to support adherence. (35.2)

7.6. ECM Core Service: Member and Family Supports (36)

- 1. During the reassessment process or initial assessment, the Member's chosen caregiver(s) or family/support person is identified and documented in the ECM care management platform. (36.1)
- 2. The Member and their chosen family/support persons, including guardians and caregivers, is included in treatment/care planning meetings, per Member preference, to ensure that they are knowledgeable about the Member's condition(s) with the overall goal of improving the Member's care planning and follow-up, adherence to treatment, and medication management, in accordance with Federal, State and local privacy and confidentiality laws. (36.2)
- 3. The Member's ECM Lead Care Manager, as documented in the ECM care management platform, serves as the primary point of contact for the Member and their chosen family/support persons. (36.3)
- 4. The ECM Care Team helps the Member to identify supports needed for the Member and chosen family/support persons to successfully manage the Member's condition and assists them in accessing needed support services, including facilitating referrals as needed. (36.4)
- 5. The ECM Care Team provides ongoing and appropriate education to the Member, family members, guardians, and caregivers on care instructions for the Member. (36.5)
- 6. The ECM Care Team provides the Member with a copy of their Care Plan in Member's preferred language after each in-person contact, or by mail upon request, with information about how to request updates. (36.6)

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7.7. ECM Core Service: Coordination of and Referral to Community and Support Services (37)

- 1. The ECM Care team helps to determine the appropriate services required to meet the needs of the Member, including services that address social determinants of health needs, such as housing, and services that are offered by IEHP's ILOS. This is assessed through the administration of and routine updates to the CHA and other assessments as appropriate. (37.1)
- 2. The ECM Care Team is responsible for coordinating and referring Members to available community resources and following up with Members to ensure services were rendered (i.e., "closed loop referrals"). (37.2)
- 3. Referral management is a component of the ECM Care Team's primary responsibilities. The ECM Care Team tracks, monitors, and provides referral coordination and communication for all open, ongoing, closed, or completed referrals using IEHP's Provider Portal and the IEHP care management platform. (37.2)
- 4. Referral coordination includes the following activities: (37.2)
 - a. Provide system navigation and serve as the point of contact for ECM Members and families for questions or concerns related to referrals; (37.2)
 - b. Review details and expectations about the referral with the Member and/or caregivers; (37.2)
 - c. Gather and send necessary medical information such as clinical background, diagnosis, prognosis, and referral needs as appropriate to referral source; (37.2)
 - d. Maintain a process for referring to agencies such as LTSS or behavioral health agencies, as appropriate; (37.2)
 - e. Assist Members in problem-solving potential barriers to following through on referrals (e.g., request interpreters as appropriate, transportation assistance or community resource assistance); (37.2)
 - f. Ensure that referrals are addressed in a timely manner, as specified by the ordering Provider; (37.2)
 - g. Remind patients of scheduled appointments via mail or telephone; (37.2)
 - h. Monitor referral activity daily, providing additional assistance to Members who have not completed referrals within a specified timeframe, have cancellations, missed appointments, or other reasons for an incomplete referral; (37.2)
 - i. Maintain ongoing tracking and appropriate documentation of referrals to promote care team communication and continuity of care; and (37.2)

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Section 8: Discontinuation of ECM

8.1. Discontinuation criteria

- 1. IEHP utilizes the following graduation criteria to discontinue ECM services and transition a Member to a lower level of care. (28.i)
 - a. Members who demonstrate improvement in their conditions such that their outcomes demonstrate that they are well-managed, and (28.i)
 - b. Members who have remained out of the hospital and/or ED for a period of three (3) months, and (28.i)
 - c. Members who demonstrate the ability to self-manage their chronic conditions. (28.i)
- 2. ECM may also be discontinued for one or more of the following discontinuation reasons.
 - a. Members who have been contacted for a continuous period of three (3) months but are unreachable.
 - b. Members who no longer wish to participate in ECM.
 - c. Members who are no longer authorized for ECM.
 - 1) The current authorization has lapsed, and the ECM Provider has not submitted a request for reauthorization. IEHP electronically notifies the Member's designated Lead Care Manager of an aging authorization by generating a task in the IEHP care management platform when there are 30 days left on the Member's active authorization. These electronic notifications can be supplemented by monthly reports on authorizations that will expire in the next 30 days upon ECM Provider request.
 - 2) Member is participating in a duplicative care management program.
 - 3) Loss of IEHP Medi-Cal.
 - d. Members who demonstrate unsafe behavior with their ECM Provider.
- 3. Notifying IEHP of Request to Discontinue ECM (28.ii)
 - a. The ECM Care Team requests discontinuation of ECM for a Member by documenting the date and justification for discontinuing ECM in the designated fields within the ECM care management platform. (28.ii)
 - b. IEHP receives notification of the discontinuation request through the receipt of this data from the ECM care management platform and determines whether to discontinue ECM and per APL-17-006.
- 4. Transitioning Members from ECM to Lower Levels of Care (28.iii)
 - a. ECM Care Teams will reassess the Member's risk tier and appropriateness for ECM throughout their enrollment. (28.iii)

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- b. If at the time of discontinuation, the ECM Care Team determines if the Member would benefit from a program that provides a lower level of care management, and refers or connects the Member with these services. (28.iii)
- c. At a minimum, the ECM Care Team connect the Member with their Primary Care Provider upon discontinuation of ECM. (28.iii)
- 5. ECM Providers work with Members who have significant barriers to care to engage them in ECM to avoid discontinuation whenever possible.
 - a. The ECM Care Team is trained in engagement techniques, including MI, to initially engage Members in care and keep Members engaged in ongoing ECM services.
 - b. Social Determinants of Health (SDOH) and other significant barriers to engagement are continually assessed through the CHA, care planning, and at every care management contact to ensure ongoing engagement and to address barriers to care early so discontinuation due to lack of engagement can be avoided, when possible.
 - c. The ECM Care Team supports identified barriers through engagement with community-based resources that provide services related to housing, food, transportation, employment, education, financial, and interpersonal safety support.
- 6. Notifying ECM Providers of ECM Discontinuation (28.iv)
 - a. When IEHP receives an ECM Provider's request for the discontinuation of ECM services via the ECM care management platform, IEHP reviews the discontinuation request and notifies the ECM Provider via the ECM care management platform when the discontinuation is complete. (28.iv)
 - b. In addition to ECM Provider initiated discontinuation requests, IEHP proactively initiates administrative discontinuations which includes Members who no longer have IEHP Medi-Cal or who have an ECM exclusion. Administrative discontinuations are processed once a month and ECM Providers are notified of these discontinuations via the following process. (28.iv)
 - 1) IEHP refreshes its ECM eligibility algorithm monthly. If the algorithm identifies Members who are no longer eligible for ECM, IEHP discontinues eligibility for ECM for the identified Members in all IEHP systems, including the ECM care management platform. (28.iv)
 - 2) ECM Providers receive a real-time electronic alert via the ECM care management platform for each Member for whom eligibility for ECM has been discontinued. (28.iv)
 - 3) Within 7 business days of processing the monthly discontinuations, IEHP also sends a secure e-mail to the ECM Provider with a list of all Members whose eligibility for ECM was discontinued by the automated monthly algorithm update. This list includes the date ECM was discontinued and the reason for discontinuing ECM. The secure e-mail includes instructions for whom the ECM Provider can contact for questions or to appeal the discontinuation. (28.iv)

Section 9: Oversight of ECM Providers

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9.1. ECM Provider Accountability

IEHP's approach to ensuring ECM Providers are accountable for all ECM requirements as set out in the ECM Contract and ECM Standard Provider Terms and Conditions, and in compliance with ECM Core Services Policies and Procedures, is comprised of activities in two key areas. (42.ii)

- 1. **Quantitative data collection:** Data related to ECM outreach and engagement and the ECM core services is collected and reviewed no less than quarterly by IEHP and ECM Providers. This information enables IEHP and ECM Providers to quantify and monitor ECM services collectively and by ECM Provider. (42.ii)
- 2. Qualitative data collection via an ECM care management system chart audit: Data is collected from an audit of Member records in the ECM care management platform no less than once a year. This information enables IEHP to monitor the quality of ECM services collectively and by ECM Provider. (42.ii) (42.iii)

9.2. Quantitative Data Collection and Reporting (42.ii)

Quantitative data collection and reporting occurs across ECM outreach and engagement and the ECM core services to support regulatory reporting to DHCS, quality improvement activities, contract compliance, and overall evaluation. To hold ECM Providers accountable for conducting outreach to assigned members, including those who are traditionally hard to reach, specific outreach and engagement measures are analyzed and reported by patient characteristics including race, ethnicity, language, and region. Additionally, for each ECM core service, specific measures are selected to monitor prioritized aspects of the ECM core service. Data, including data required for regulatory reporting to DHCS, is collected from a variety of sources including the ECM care management system, survey tools, and claims data. The Quality Improvement Subcommittee (QISC) approves all selected measures. Measures are subject to change based on shifting ECM priorities and disparity analysis (e.g., race, ethnicity, language, and region) as appropriate.

9.3. Qualitative Data Collection: The ECM Care Management System Chart Audit (42.ii) (42.iii)

The ECM care management system chart audit supplements the quantitative data elements listed above by providing IEHP with data on the quality and completeness of documentation of ECM outreach and engagement and the ECM core services, including the quality of comprehensive assessment, care planning, coordination of care, health promotion, and Member and family supports through the narrative review of ECM services documented in IEHP's ECM care management system. Audit elements are aligned with ECM provider contract requirements as well as national standards for care management and are also subject to change based on shifting ECM priorities.

1. Cases are selected using systematic random sampling to ensure cases are selected across all ECM Providers. (42.iii)

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- 2. Selected charts are reviewed by an internal auditor. (42.iii)
- 3. Findings are analyzed to identify learnings about the efficacy and quality of collective ECM services and by ECM Provider. (42.iii)
- 4. The audit is performed no less than once a year. (42.iii)

9.4. Data Utilization for Quality Improvement

Data collected through these two key activities (data collection and reporting and the ECM care management system chart audit), are regularly and systematically reviewed internally by IEHP and externally by ECM Providers. Measures are reviewed on a frequency appropriate for their data type. For example, utilization measures are reviewed quarterly; health outcome measures are reviewed monthly; ECM engagement and ECM Provider capacity measures are reviewed weekly.

- 1. IEHP regularly utilizes the data to identify collective trends in performance. If an overarching gap is identified at any time, it is escalated to the ECM Clinical Design Committee to identify implications and priorities for enhanced training and practice coaching.
- 2. IEHP and ECM Providers regularly utilize the data to monitor ECM Provider performance, and this continuous feedback loop drives small scale process improvements by ECM Providers with the support of a Practice Coach or Manager.

9.5. Data Utilization for ECM Provider Contract Compliance

In addition to regularly reviewing data throughout the year, IEHP systematically and comprehensively conducts an evaluation of each ECM Provider's contract compliance no less than once a year. Although a comprehensive evaluation of an ECM Provider's contract compliance is conducted at least once a year, IEHP may initiate a performance review at any time should lack of compliance be identified. The steps that will be taken if a lack of compliance is identified are as follows. (42.ii) (42.iv)

- 1. The ECM Monitoring and Evaluation Committee evaluates each ECM Provider's contract compliance including performance on a prioritized subset of measures related to the ECM core services and regulatory reporting requirements as specified by DHCS. (42.ii) (42.iv)
- 2. Lack of compliance on the prioritized measures may result in any of the following interventions, depending on the severity of the performance or compliance gap. (42.ii) (42.iv)
 - a. Additional training by IEHP on key topics. (42.ii) (42.iv)
 - b. Enhanced practice coaching or Manager support. (42.ii) (42.iv)

- c. Conference between ECM Provider leadership and IEHP leadership to discuss barriers to improvement and compliance with minimum standards. (42.ii) (42.iv)
- 3. After the initial intervention(s), ECM Provider and IEHP leadership regularly monitor ECM Provider performance and contract compliance over the next quarter. If the ECM Provider continues to demonstrate poor performance over time, or mission critical poor performance on any single prioritized measure, or under performance over several prioritized measures, the ECM Provider may be subject to a corrective action plan (CAP). (42.ii) (42.iv)
- 4. In the event of a need for a CAP, the ECM Provider must submit a complete and comprehensive CAP form to IEHP that adequately addresses all areas of noncompliance. *Please refer to Appendix A for the CAP form template.* (42.ii) (42.iv)
- 5. A CAP is considered complete only if all areas of poor performance from each priority measure are present in the submission. (42.ii) (42.iv)
- 6. Depending on the nature of the corrective action, the ECM Provider's response to the CAP may be due at any point within a 30 day period from when the ECM Provider received written notification from IEHP regarding the initiation and justification for the CAP. (42.ii) (42.iv)
- 7. The CAP must include the following: (42.ii) (42.iv)
 - a. The poor performance measure(s) received; (42.ii) (42.iv)
 - b. Identification of the root cause analysis for the poor performance; (42.ii) (42.iv)
 - c. A specific statement of how the poor performance will be improved (corrective actions) which must include supporting documentation, including but not limited to policies and procedures, training agendas, training materials, and/or process improvement plans; (42.ii) (42.iv)
 - d. Completion dates for each of the corrective actions; (42.ii) (42.iv)
 - e. Identification of the person responsible for completing the corrective action; and (42.ii) (42.iv)
 - f. A follow-up or monitoring plan to ensure that the corrective action plan is successful. (42.ii) (42.iv)
- 8. Upon receipt of the CAP, it is reviewed and approved by the ECM Monitoring and Evaluation Committee. (42.ii) (42.iv)
- 9. The ECM Monitoring and Evaluation Committee monitors the CAP, including tracking the ECM Provider's performance on metrics included in the CAP. (42.ii) (42.iv)

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- 10. If clinic- or community-based ECM Providers fail to submit a CAP and/or are not able to show documentation of appropriate responses and/or after three months of being on the CAP fail to show improvement related to identified gaps, the ECM Provider may be subject to the following: (42.ii) (42.iv)
 - a. Freezing new ECM Member enrollment, and/or (42.ii) (42.iv)
 - b. Freezing eligibility for the ECM value-based payments, and/or (42.ii) (42.iv)
 - c. Non-renewal of the ECM Provider contract, and/or (42.ii) (42.iv)
 - d. Termination of the ECM Provider contract (42.ii) (42.iv)
- 11. If IEHP ECM Providers (IEHP Care Teams) fail to submit a CAP and/or are not able to show documentation of appropriate responses and/or after three months of being on the CAP fail to show improvement related to identified gaps, the IEHP ECM Provider (IEHP Care Teams) may be subject to the following: (42.ii) (42.iv)
 - a. IEHP Managers work directly with the IEHP ECM Provider (IEHP Care Teams) on improvement strategies, and/or (42.ii) (42.iv)
 - b. An internal performance review, and/or (42.ii) (42.iv)
 - c. Disciplinary action up to and including termination. (42.ii) (42.iv)

9.6. Data Utilization for Monitoring and Evaluating Outcomes (45)

- 1. IEHP employs a robust framework of oversight activities, including reporting, to monitor the utilization of and outcomes resulting from the provision of ECM.
- 2. IEHP developed a suit of reports that creates visibility into performance on key measures, including by not limited to:
 - a. Outreach and engagement rates
 - b. Physical and behavioral health outcomes including changes in blood pressure, HbA1c, PHQ-9, GAD-7, and Brief Activation Monitor (BAM) scores
 - c. Utilization outcomes including PCP visit rate, admissions rate, ED visit rate, urgent care visit rate, and readmission rate
- 3. IEHP applies a disparity analysis to key performance measures where appropriate.
- 4. Reporting on key performance measures is available at the system level, by ECM Provider, and by population of focus.
- 5. IEHP regularly and systematically reviews reports to:
 - a. Monitor ECM outcomes and utilizations as a whole;

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- b. Identify trends in outcome and utilization across ECM Providers;
- c. Identify trends in outcome and utilization across populations of focus;
- d. Recognize opportunities for enhanced training or technical support;
- e. Drive quality improvement activities; and
- f. Support a continuous feedback loop with ECM Providers.
- 6. IEHP produces an annual evaluation for internal and external stakeholders that summarizes the end of year outcomes and utilizations for ECM Members.

9.7. Training (42.v)

IEHP provides ECM training and technical assistance to ECM Providers as indicated by periodic needs assessment to develop and maintain knowledge and skills necessary for ECM core services. Training utilizes a multi-modal approach and include other adult-learning concepts. Training shall emphasize peer-to-peer support and sharing of knowledge to maximize efficiency and promote field-based learning and innovation. Training includes core competencies including team-based care, motivational interviewing, behavioral activation, cultural competency, and trauma-informed care. The core modalities to deliver IEHP's ECM training and technical assistance are:

- 1. Leadership Roundtable
- 2. Practice Coaching
- 3. ECM care management platform training
- 4. Onboarding webinars
- 5. Ongoing webinars
- 6. Periodic community learning sessions

Section 10: Data System Requirements and Data Sharing to Support ECM

10.1. Data Sharing

IEHP shares the following data elements, at minimum, with ECM Providers:

- 1. Member assignment files
 - a. Member assignment files are shared with ECM Providers through the ECM care management platform. Member assignment is also visible for ECM Providers and other contracted Providers in the IEHP Provider Portal. (39.i)
- 2. Encounter and claims data

- a. Encounter and claims data is shared with ECM Providers via the IEHP Provider Portal and supplemental reports. Relevant encounter and claims data, including IEHP's prescription claims data, is available in the ECM care management platform. (39.ii)
- 3. Physical, behavioral, administrative and SDOH data (e.g., Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) data)
 - a. Physical, behavioral, and administrative data is shared with ECM Providers via the ECM care management platform. IEHP is working to integrate SDOH (e.g., HMIS) data into the ECM care management platform. (39.iii)
- 4. Reports of performance on quality measures/metrics, as requested
 - a. Reports of performance on quality measures/metrics is shared with ECM Providers via the ECM care management platform. Any reports that are not available within the ECM care management platform are distributed to ECM Providers on a regular basis via secure e-mail. (39.iv)

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